

Wetaskiwin Times

Published every Thursday at the
Times Block, McDonald Street,
Wetaskiwin :: Alberta

Subscription, \$2.50 per year;
\$2.00 per year if paid in advance.
U.S. postage, 50c extra.
Advertising rates on application.

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THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1932

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Wm. Irvine, M.P.,
Speaks on Budget

Wm. Irvine, M.P. for Wetaskiwin, during the recent debate in the House of Commons on the Budget, was reported in Hansard as follows:

Mr. Speaker, time forbids that I make any extended reference to the speeches already made during this debate. One of the most notable, I think, was the address of the Minister of Trade and Commerce (Mr. Stevens). It was a notable speech in that it struck a new note and indicated a new viewpoint coming from the treasury benches. And I think we may hope that it will become the basis, in the not far distant future, of an entirely different policy in this country. Worthily also of much study and discussion was the speech made by the hon. member for Macleod (Mr. Coote) yesterday afternoon, which was an able defence of the amendment moved from this corner of the house and an interpretation of the financial system, and which contained suggestions as to how we might get out of our present economic difficulty.

Like the other speeches, the address of the Minister of Finance (Mr. Rhodes) who, for his many good qualities, is very highly respected in this house. I regret that the world situation, and particularly the economic situation in Canada, should have been such as to make difficult the presentation of his budget. As I should like also to offer a word of congratulation to the government. As is well known, I hold very different views, both on questions of economics and politics, from those to which expression has been given in the policies of this government, as well as in the policies of preceding governments. Nevertheless I am not unmindful of the colossal task confronting this administration at the present time, and in view of that fact I will not snarl at the heels of the government. The civilization to-day is in the process of adjustment, so fundamental in character as ultimately to leave untouched no field of knowledge or of experience, nor any institution without at least some modification. In Canada, as in other countries, we are confronted with a situation for which history offers no parallel. Therefore we must face this fact, that there are no precedents which we can fittingly apply, and we must work our way out by doing things which no one knows how to do because they have never been done before.

In view of this, I gladly congratulate the government on its able leadership, its honest administration, its decisive and at times courageous actions and its sincere devotion to the well-being of the nation. But when all these things have been said and acknowledged it does not by any means follow that the budget has been secured. In other words I have no criticism of the captain of our ship, Canada, in so far as his ability as a navigator is concerned. I have no criticism of his seamanship or of the character and ability of his crew. The objection I am going to register today is with the direction in which the ship is going and the port towards which it is bound.

I want to direct my attention particularly, Mr. Speaker, to the sub-amendment moved from this corner of the house. As will be seen by hon. members, this sub-amendment is a challenge to the existing system, and I had hoped that the debate which followed would have been on that issue and that some difference of opinion would have been offered either with regard to the statements of fact included in the sub-amendment, the opinions expressed as to the proper interpretation of the economic situation, or to the proposals themselves. With regard to the amendment I have to say that I look upon it as supporting the budget, since it takes exception only to what to my mind is an infinitesimal detail in the great national policy and attributes to that detail all the present difficulties of our economic life. Since it takes exception to only one small detail in the budget I assume that those moving it are perfectly

satisfied with the system as a whole, and so far as I am concerned the amendment by implication really supports the budget. The sub-amendment, however, unqualifiedly declares that the present system is a capitalist system and that the capitalist system can be salvaged in its present form but that definite modifications are necessary, and so I should like to direct the attention of the house first to the statements of fact contained in the sub-amendment.

In the sub-amendment it is stated that there is an ample supply of natural resources to supply the people of Canada with all the primary needs of life: that we have sufficient and efficient industrial machinery, including plant equipment and skilled workers which, if applied to the natural resources, could produce all that we require in Canada. Further it is said that notwithstanding these facts our debts, personal, social and national, are increasing. These facts that have not been challenged by anyone during the course of this debate, and I question whether any one will have the temerity to challenge them. They are too obvious to the people at large; they cannot be challenged. Then, with these facts before us, we express the opinion that since this is the case, and our people are hungry and without work or economic hope, the trouble is to be found in the economic system itself. No one has challenged that opinion. It is only an opinion, and I admit that it may be challenged successfully, but so far no one has said there is not some defect in the economic system capable of producing the results enumerated.

Then we come to the next step; having emphasized the importance of finance in the national policy today we offer the suggestion, as a first step towards a solution of the economic problem facing the people of Canada, that there should be a nationalization of the credit system of this country. The hon. member for Macleod dealt specifically with that part of our sub-amendment yesterday, so I will not deal with it further at this time, but will rather turn my attention to the general viewpoint which the sub-amendment seeks to envisage with regard to the economic conditions with which it deals.

The budget itself, the subject of all our discussion and in connection with which our sub-amendment has been moved, is a very true reflection of the psychological condition of the country in respect of our economic problem. It is a budget exactly the same in all major respects as other budgets presented by various governments of the world. These are the outstanding characteristics of the budget. It reveals a marked decline in trade, a falling-off of revenue, a reduction of public services, increased taxation, a reduction in the salaries of public servants and an increase in debt. I am not blaming the government for all these dismal moves; I am merely enumerating what the budget discloses to us and to the people of Canada and pointing out the idea which it reflects that there is great necessity in this country for curtailment of expenditures, for curtailment of purchasing power, that for some reason or other we ought to be taking care of our wealth instead of using it.

Now, the budget as a whole presents 'one issue' in particular to which I wish to call attention. That issue is this: Shall this government, shall this parliament, shall this people of Canada be controlled by money or shall it control money? That is not to say that some individuals of great wealth determine the policy of governments, but it is to say that the monetary system is accepted both by parliament and by the people as a sacred institution to be preserved at all costs; and once that is accepted then the factors which I have enumerated as appearing in the budget become, under present conditions, inevitable.

Let me call the attention of this

house and of the country to the tragedy of waste which this policy, reflected in the budget, means. There seems to be a desire to save. Well, an interest in what we were trying to save. Are we really practising a form of economy which will save the real wealth of the nation or are we being penny wise and pound foolish?

While we are saving figures in a book, there is the present system of book-keeping, while we are calculating expenditures as the budget provides, what about the waste of the machine that is standing idle? What about the waste of the great surplus of goods which no one is able to use because they cannot be bought? What about the waste of human value—the unemployed who are hopelessly walking the streets? What about the waste of youth looking forward in hopefulness to find some expression for their best selves in Canada? What about them? These are the things we ought to be considering; these are the places where we ought to practise economy. But we cannot save these things while practising this form of economy under the present financial system.

It has been said by many that this is a dollar civilization, that the dollar has become the god of our age. This was ever true it is more true to-day than at any other time in the world's history. Canada, like other nations, sits in sackcloth and ashes, offering her sacrifices to the dollar deity. Every luxury denied of the Canadian people in the face of the present abundance is a sacrifice to the dollar deity. Every curtailment of public service, the great mass of the unemployed, the comfort denied the masses of the people, the very necessities of life denied to many—these are all in the line of sacrifices to a book-keeping system. I am reminded of an incident in the history of the great Jewish people. When Moses took a holiday, he found on his return that there had been great disruption in the camp, and the people were worshipping a golden calf. He sent for Aaron to explain the situation and Aaron, in trying to make the dollar deity, said that the people had put all their treasures into the fire, and, lo, this calf had come forth. It seems to me that this is about what we are trying to do in Canada today: We are pouring all our treasures, our real wealth, our human values, into the fire of the present financial system, and I fear that the only thing that will come out will be a calf. I protest against such sacrifices, especially when economic abundance renders the performance absurd.

The dollar is an invention of mankind for convenience in the exchange of goods, and I hope that Canada will not for long bow the knee to it nor acknowledge it as the sacred deity of a sacrificial policy unnecessarily imposed upon the people. This policy of rigid economy is due, perhaps, to certain deep-rooted psychological causes as well as economic. I think that we might divide the honors of the dishonour between parsimony and paralyzing fear and lack of vision on the part of this house and of the country at large. That fear is the fear of scarcity, and I presume it was generated at a time when the world was really in danger of real scarcity, when the tooth and claw method was necessary to survive; and unfortunately for us it appears that instinct does not respond as readily to a new set of circumstances as does intelligence. Instinct has a tendency to go on in a straight line while intelligence divides the facts of a changed situation. And so it is, today that we, in spite of the abundance which we are conscious of possessing, go on in a straight line towards scarcity, hampering and hindering the distribution of goods which we have already been able to produce. The fear psychology is gradually developing. Capitalists are afraid that capitalism will collapse, and the socialists and those who are usually termed red, all opposed to the capitalist system, are afraid that it will not collapse, which might be a greater tragedy than the other. At any rate, all are afraid of some danger. Even Mr. Wells, in one of his writings, expresses the view that civilization is a race between catastrophe and knowledge, and then later

he calls the race off because, as he says, there is not enough knowledge to make a race. I disagree with him in his application, for he implies that civilization has been built without intelligence, and I fail to see how civilization built without intelligence will ever be destroyed by lack of it. However, from Dean Inge and H. G. Wells to the vociferous and ubiquitous communist agitator, may all encourage us to anticipate disaster, until we have developed what we might call an appetite for disaster, which seems to want to satisfy itself.

After all, what is there to fear? We are told that a crash is about to come; and when we read the words which Sir Montagu Norman addressed to some officials in France, we can almost hear the reverberations of that great crash. But what is there to crash? The only thing that can crash is our way of doing things—a way which is not doing them very well, a way of doing things which may be standing in the way of better ways of doing things. The greatest crash would come from the debts of the world, and those of us who are burdened that way do not anticipate that with any sort of disfavour. Let it crash: there is nothing to fear in that.

Capitalism itself is only an incident in the evolution of economic, economic and all that it stands for will be here when capitalism is gone. But of course there is always danger, for life itself is the most dangerous of all experiments. There are dangers which are usually as great as the achievements with which they are associated. The magnetic compass has been responsible for the death by drowning of mariners in the "Devil's Hole" and of struggles for life in the "Roaring Forties." Every mile that Columbus sailed carried him farther in the path of danger; yet he discovered a world. The first airplane carried greater danger but he conquered the air. If we are to stand on the threshold of a new age, merely contemplating the dangers ahead, we shall fail in our great achievement. Some hon. members of the house may desire to see a collection of leagues and myself when we are together, we believe we are on the threshold of a new social order, but we will be permitted to express our views at least. Things cannot go on as they have been going. We cannot express our opinion in that regard; we should not shiver in fear. We should look at the great possibilities and contemplate the achievements rather than the dangers which may be entailed.

Let me direct the attention of the house to some elements of progress, the stability upon which we may rest our confidence. The great nations and go forward with greater hopefulness than we have in the past. It is clear to everyone that the fear of danger cannot be overcome unless there are sound and substantial reasons upon which confidence can be based. Confidence cannot be established by well-sounding phrases, by Rabbinical optimism. I repudiate with contempt, as I believe every hon. member of this house does, the fatuous and vaudevillean efforts of those who whistle to keep up the courage of the nation. They tell us to keep smiling and ask the penniless unemployed to buy more. They whistle these tunes at great public gatherings and try to get rid of the danger by their whistle. We cannot do that; we must have confidence but that confidence must be based on something substantial and real. It must be reawakened by the hope of reintroducing a system now dead. There can be no resurrecting of dead institutions any more than there can be a resurrecting of dead bodies. The hope of Canada and the hope of civilization must rest in new performances, in new concepts, in new institutions and new practices. I believe that we are on the threshold of the greatest possibilities which time has ever presented to the human race.

The contributions of capitalism have been great, and one of its greatest contributions has been the abundance with which it has presented the human race. Capitalism has made it possible for us to emerge from the economic jungle where the tooth and claw method of survival was the ordi-

er of the day and to reach a plane worthy to be called a real human plane. Prior to capitalism, humanity was in a state of perpetual scarcity, competition, and a natural method adopted in the struggle for survival. But today we are in the age of plenty, as our subamendment very clearly outlines, and there is no reason for a lack of bread, a lack of clothing, a lack of warmth, a lack of housing or a lack of any of the necessities of life than there is for a lack of water. We are in the age of great surpluses. In one year Canada has produced a surplus of wheat sufficient for our needs for another year. If that were done in the case of all our products, the population of Canada would perish in a week unless we found better ways of distribution than have been found so far. The only method of distribution thus far discovered has been through the wages paid for production; if we produce a surplus there will be no more production, no wages will be paid and we will be faced with starvation in the midst of great abundance. The surpluses with which capitalism has presented the world may truly form the essential basis of co-operative economics. Those surpluses should be the basis of a new system of ethics than humanity has ever been able to achieve in the past. We have tried to be ethical under a competitive system, but I say that we might just as well try to grow roses on an iceberg as to practise christian ethics in the midst of a competitive civilization. Even ethics must have a satisfactory physical basis. With such abundance of all that is essential to life we are on the threshold of being released from economic bondage, the greatest bondage ever faced by the world. Before we can reach that freedom we must have a method to remove all the restrictions introduced during the period of scarcity and evolve a definite method for the distribution of this abundance. This is a task beyond any individual, or even a government, it is a task for society as a whole. We must attempt to alter the whole course of society in order to reap the benefits of the great advantages which capitalism has presented to us.

Today there is less cause for despair than at any other period in history. At what period in history have human values received such universal emphasis as during the present period? Internationally there is a struggle going on for the establishment of a permanent basis for world peace. Nationally there is a growing opinion that hunger and poverty are disgraces to society and that we are seeking more and more to combine our human goodness and intelligence in order to eradicate such enemies of mankind. There is a growing opinion everywhere that the life and happiness of the people must not be hampered or denied by the limitations of certain agencies which man has devised to serve the purposes of his human goodness. There is a growing opinion that the agencies so universal, so well organized, so articulate and potent as now. These qualities, together with our boundless national resources, or machine of production and our army of competent workers should be entered upon the ledger of the nation by the Minister of Finance (Mr. Rhodes) as assets of this country which no debts can outweigh.

We have a difficult problem to face, as have all people, who have lived in similar periods of transition, our assets are greater. Being heirs of the ages, we have greater knowledge today than ever before. Our knowledge is not only greater in the aggregate but the capacity of the individual is as great today—as, if not greater than, it ever was in the

world's history. There is more good-will in the world today than ever before, it has never been more general, more sincere, and more far-reaching. We can still claim to be in possession of courage. Those who read of the exploits of our armies in Europe during the last war know that courage is still in the hearts of Canadians, and they will respond just as much to peaceful exploits as they did to war-like exploits. Human nature is on our side. When we talk about introducing a new economic system most people say: You cannot do that because human nature is against it. Human nature to some people is represented only by criminal exploits. But human nature is greater than that. It will assist us forward with our new system; it is one of the strongest forces in our favour. It is true that capitalism has developed much of the worst in human nature but if we can introduce a system such as is covered by the sub-amendment there will come a time when we will have an economic system which will bring out the best in mankind.

Tomorrow we shall rediscover man himself and build a civilization worthy of his best. There are deeper wells of greatness in human nature than have so far been suspected. Then youth shall be for a new system. The young people of Canada are looking for leadership. They are wise enough to sense the danger of the present system and to appreciate the instability which will come from the denying of the necessities of life in the midst of abundance. Finally that great force referred to by Schopenhauer Goethe, and others as the "Will to live," has not lost its cunning, nor its creative genius. Having brought the race from the slime of inefficient life to the highest achievements of modern civilization, it will not now abandon us. It will discover what to do with abundance. The real challenge to capitalism does not come from communism or socialism, it comes from the will to live inherent in humanity. Capitalism must meet this challenge of life or perish. Life will not be defeated.

With such a heritage of power there is no room for fear, with such strivings of the vital instincts of the race, civilization will and must come through. Our despairs are but passing clouds before the vision of the mind. Our fears are like the dreams of which we wake at children in the night. Such despairs as we fear may come to individuals, but the race is born to victory. The great tomorrow is like an unborn babe in the womb of time. The sufferings of the moment, which are real and tragic, are the pains of birth. The life of civilizations, like that of the race, must find its survival in new birth. This truth I put down as the sure basis of hope. Beyond the happy scope of myth no corpse has ever come to life. Those who expect to resuscitate capitalist civilization, like those who spend their times at their radios, are welcome to resurrection, shall wear forever the mantle of despair. New thoughts, new ideals, new systems and new hopes are the new-born children of today who shall be in command tomorrow.

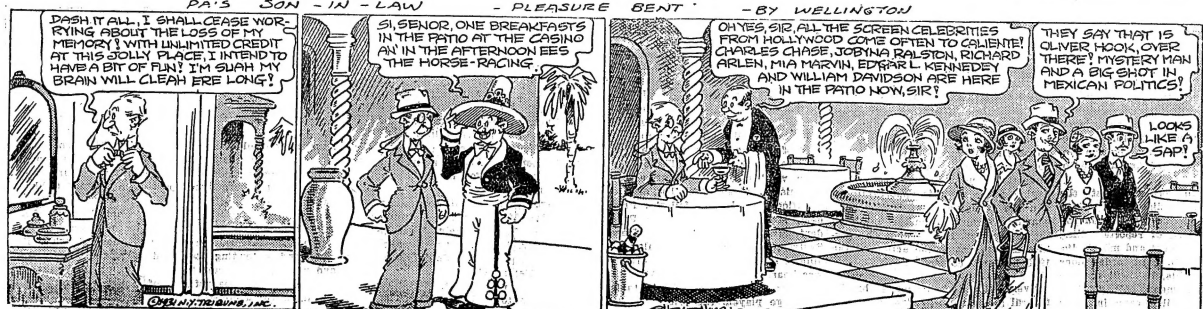
I ask the house to consider the proposals which we put forward in connection with this anticipated new age of abundance so that we may be in a position to take advantage of it, and to vote for the subamendment and economic freedom for the people of Canada.

Stranger: "How old are you little man?"
Bright Boy: "Darned if I know, mister. Mother was twenty-six when I was born, but now she's only twenty-four."

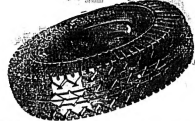
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Weekly Garden Letter

A Few Early Rows

Now that May has arrived it should be fairly safe to try a few rows of those vegetables which are not usually sown until later. Two or three years out of five Canada enjoys a warm open spring with little or no late frost. Of course such weather conditions cannot be guaranteed in advance and the only way to capitalize a season of this kind is to make a practice of sowing a little vegetable seed well ahead of the proper time. If frost does come along, there is small loss as the ground can be used over again anyway, whereas if the stuff pulls through there is the satisfaction of having from one's own garden, vegetables unusually early. Beans, potatoes, corn, tomatoes and a few of the other tender and semi-tender vegetables can be treated in this way. With hardy sorts like spinach, radish and lettuce, one can make the first sowings just as soon as the ground is fit to work. Frost may hold them back but it will not hurt them. Handle the end of the planting season in the same way, that is make a sowing or two after the usual time for planting, so that there will be stuff coming along weeks after the main crop has been picked.

Look to Lawns Now

This is the best time when the earth is soft and moist to put the lawn into shape. Dandelions, plantain, and other persistent weeds come out easily now, and in removing them get out as much of the root as possible. Some of the many weeding devices on the market will save a lot of stooping. At this time, too, a

heavy roller is used to good effect, levelling down high spots and firming soil about the roots of the grass. Mow up bare places with a rake and re-sowed with a good lawn mixture—cheap mixtures are never permanent and sometimes are dangerous. Protect this new seedling with some poultry netting or brush so that sparrows will not get at the seed. Top dressing with well rotted manure or an application of a good commercial fertilizer, high in nitrogen, is advisable. If manure is used, be careful that it is well rotted and free from weed seeds. The lawn should be cut every four or five days, after growth gets well started, with a sharp lawn mower. A dull machine will pull out much of the grass. Later on, when the weather turns hot, less frequent cutting is advisable.

Something Will Fit In

Even if our flower garden is small, or shaded, or contains poor soil, we should not be discouraged. After all, there is something that will fit in and do well and it is this adapting of our garden to meet our own individual conditions that adds so much pleasure to the hobby. In permanently shaded quarters, that is where there is shade from some building or fence the year round, tuberous rooted begonias, pansies, and wild flowers will do well. In fact, they prefer this location to any other. In partial shade, clarkia, annual larkspur, lupine, nicotiana, phlox and verbena should be grown. On poor soil, portulaca is a favorite as well as alyssum, sweet-scented stocks, lily, calendula, callopsis, sunflowers,

schizanthus, salpiglossis, marigolds, petunias, and many others. These will also more successfully resist dry weather than most others. For cutting purposes, we have a very long list to choose from, but should include gypsophila (baby's breath) useful for making up bouquets, salpiglossis, sweet peas, zinnias, cosmos, asters, marigolds and scabiosa. If we prize fragrance, we should include stocks, nicotiana, mignonette, sweet sultan, alyssum and verbenas. In the evenings particularly, a few of these will fill the whole garden with a delightful odour. There are several hardy annuals which can be picked with long stems just before the bloom opens and dried for winter bouquets. These include the straw flower, statice, acroclimn rodanthe and many others.

Staking and Stakes

No real gardener would think of attempting operations without a supply of stakes. Without these he would be at the mercy of heavy rains and winds. Among the flowers, stakes of various heights are used for supporting clumps of perennials, individual dahlias, and other tall things, for supporting climbing roses and also for adding real strength for those little wire fences which confine small children and large dogs to concrete walks instead of allowing indiscriminate wandering over lawns and flower beds. Stakes also find a most useful place in the vegetable garden. They carry netting and strings for peas, and support for tomatoes and possibly cucumbers. Recently there has appeared on the market a nobbed steel stake, which has all the advantages of wood, as the nobbs prevent the strings slipping down, while it is easier to drive and will last indefinitely. Being almost half an inch in diameter it is absolutely rigid, and it comes already painted.

WHAT'S WRONG WITH THE COUNTRY?

Too much oats and too much wheat, Too much corn and too much heat, Too much cotton, too much oil, Too many hours that we don't toil; Too many highways, too many cars, Too many people behind the bars, Too much poverty, too much wealth, Too many people have poor health, Too much politics, too much booze, Too many wearing high heeled shoes, Too many loafing, too many bets, Too many failing to pay their debts, Too many spending their dough for gas, Too many talking of European seas; Too many living beyond their means, Too many buying canned corn and beans, Too many sowing their crop of wild oats, Too many candidates after your votes, Too many hiring their washing done, Too many playing bridge for fun, Too many poets, too much prose, Too many girls without underclothes, Too much buying of goods on time, Too many people don't save a dime; Too much ball, too much play, Too many officers on big pay; Too much taxes, too much spent, Too many folks spend every cent; Too much fun, too much ease, Too many rips in my B.V.D.'s; Too much reform, too much law, The darndest mess you ever saw! —Sunnyside.

HOPE RISES IN SASKATCHEWAN

From the Estevan Mercury comes this hopeful thought which stirs the admiration of all, in the valiant Saskatchewan spirit.

"And now at long last the sun of a new earth has warmed the earth's crust and, with all haste and revived faith, the new point d'ice in for the other gambler with nature. Rustled tractors and emaciated horses are pulling their hardest in the firm faith that feed and fuel will some time come again plenty. By grace of the relief board seed is available equal to the emergency and the tax-ridden, debt-burdened and discouraged farmer dreams of the happy day when he can once again take coin in his hand and provide for the wants of his household, priding himself in the belief that he is the king pin in the economic structure. And of a truth, he is entitled to his visions. All available records, and the testimony of the oldest denizens of the plains, and the confident predictions of those who claim to discern the signs of the heavens and the whisper of the warning breeze unite in proclaiming that the era of drought is past. All save the clouds will pour their long hoarded rains on the thirsty ground and the new crop will wave and dance in the glad sunshine. Which ever way the cat jumps, the horizon wears the rosy glow of a brighter dawn for him whose joy in life is found in rising early and doing an honest day's work."

A motorist at Millet crashed into a telephone pole there, bringing down the pole and wires. When they picked him out of the wreck they found him frowning the wires and saying: "Thank heaven, I lived a clean life, —they've given me a hamp."

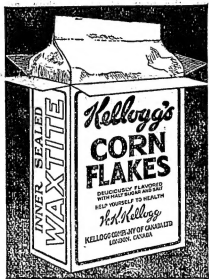
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SIGNS OF PROSPERITY

The present conditions throughout America indicate a return to prosperity so says Roger Babson the famous expert on business conditions.

Writing for the Calgary Herald Mr. Babson says:

As optimism and self-confidence were over-developed during the period of prosperity, so pessimism and fear have likewise been over-developed during the depression. This means that everyone is carrying curtailment too far, and an actual shortage of goods is being developed.

Many consumers have put off buying so long that almost everything they have is nearly worn out.

This obsolescence applies to motor cars, tires, clothing, footwear, furniture, houses and practically all the necessities of life. People must soon buy to replace, and a little buying would result in a decided stimulation to business and employment.

Every dollar that goes into retail stores multiplies itself many times in its effect on business, as it works back through the wholesaler, jobber, manufacturer and producer of raw material.

But the days of the less-than-cost bargains are rapidly drawing to a close. To those people who have the

SHERIDAN'S
Rheumatic Remedy
RELIEVES QUICKLY
RHEUMATISM, MIGRAINE, NEURITIS
SCIATICA, GOUT, LUMBAGO
LARGE 50c bottle, \$1. at your nearest druggist or department store, or sent direct to mail \$1.25.
Write for book, "Facts About Rheumatism."
THE SHEPHERD MEDICINE CO.
174 Queen Street East, Toronto.
Local Agents:
GOOKE DRUG CO.
NORTHERN DRUG CO.

means to buy, the present is an opportunity such as has not been seen for twenty years or more and may not be seen again for a long period.

The first sign many business men will have that depression is over is when they see their competitors running away with the orders they themselves have been waiting to get.

I am sure American business men would be better off today if they would stop worrying about foreign debts, reparations, the stock market, etc., and began to go after the business which is to be had right now. Regardless of what happens abroad we can have a good share of prosperity if we will only work hard enough to get it. That means that we have to keep after the business.

Instead of cutting out advertising, seek to improve its appeal. It is the business of the sales and advertising department to get customers into the store.—Herald.

Advertising of the right kind will bring customers to your store, it is then up to your sales force to sell. And advertising backed by a good selling force and good goods, means more and more business. Customers come back when satisfied with your service and goods. Try inviting them.

GOOD BEEF WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL

At the present time the cost of good beef is so low that it is within reach of all. The price per pound does not represent the true cost. There is a difference of about 3 cents a pound retail between well finished quality beef — to which class graded beef belongs—and unfinished beef. When the latter is cooked there is great loss due to evaporation of the natural juices. This often amounts to one-third of its weight. When an animal is thin the bone is the same size as when it is fatted, the muscles are shrunken so that the bone represents a large proportion of the total weight of a cut. The bone, fibrous tissue and shrinkage in cooking unfinished beef is so much out of proportion to the weight paid for, that there is no economy in buying low quality beef.

Graded beef, the product of correct breeding and grain feeding has just enough well distributed fat to prevent excessive evaporation in cooking; has a smaller proportion of bone and fibrous tissue; is tender, of excellent flavor and has highest food values, which recommend it to those who value quality with low cost.

It pays the farmer and rancher best to produce finished beef. No producer can make money on cattle that sell from 2 cents to 3½ cents per pound. It is only on the well bred finished cattle, the carcasses of which are fit to be graded, that he has any chance for a profit.

Those of the best retail butchers and purchasers who wish to encourage the best producers to maintain their financial independence in these trying times will give thought to the quality of the beef they buy, especially when economy suggests the purchase of graded beef instead of unfinished cuts that lack flavor and food value.—Calgary Herald.

HERE'S ANOTHER REMEDY

A subscriber to a paper in a Minnesota town recently handed in the following remedy for hard times: "Substitute corn bread for cake, potatoes for mayonnaise, sorghum for maple syrup, milk for coca cola, truth for lies, honesty for instant buying, cotton step-ins for silk pyjamas, conservatism for optimism, walking

TOMB STONES

See our catalogues showing the best designs in tombstones, etc. SPECIAL PRICES for this month

GUS HAY
Box 200 Wetaskiwin Phone 36
Agent for Alberta granite and Stone Co. Ltd.

WATCH REPAIRING

Now is the time to have your watch overhauled. Keep it in good running order. Prompt Service. Right Price. All Work Guaranteed.

M. AMUNDSEN
Railway St. E. Wetaskiwin

New Tailor Shop

Ladies' and Men's Tailor
CLEANING, PRESSING and Repairing

H. C. BERGER

A Quick Way

to...
Restore
an Estate



ARE you among the thousands who have suffered from the great depression? Have you had to make a hurried survey of your financial position only to find that you are worth less by thousands of dollars than you were? Do you realize that death compels a liquidation of securities at current values?

How can that situation be met?

You can instantly restore your estate to a healthy basis by taking out more insurance. The same way is to insure to the point of safety — at least.

Over five hundred million dollars of life insurance was taken out in the Sun Life Company last year — much of it by level-headed men who balanced their accounts by this simple method.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Head Office: MONTREAL

sticks for cars, preacher's salary for lessness, decency for immorality, a gasoline, cooking for card parties, rocking chair at home for a seat in a dry cleaning for old suits, punctuality for tardiness, economy for thrift, white mule."

Night and Day Service

At the Ed. Reynolds Auto Filling Station.

That's a convenience every auto driver appreciates. No matter what the hour you will always find somebody on the job here to wait on you. Glad to help you out even if you don't buy.

ED. REYNOLDS' AUTO SERVICE

PHONE 46

At the old stand, the same reliable service. All work guaranteed, None Better. THANK YOU.

Motor Freight Service

From EDMONTON to MILLET and WETASKIWIN
Leaves Edmonton 2 p.m. and 6:30 p.m.

From CALGARY Leaves 6:30 p.m.

MARK ALL ORDERS Ship Via

WILSON MOTOR DIST. CO. LTD.

Local Agent **L. G. KELLEY**

Spring Rains Are Due!

Let us Repair that LEAKY ROOF
We have a stock of ROOFING and ROOFING PAINTS, EAVESTROUGH, CONDUCTOR PIPES. Estimates freely given.

MELLETT & CO.

PHONE 65 Pearce St. East, WETASKIWIN

Eczema Itched and Burned So Could Not Sleep



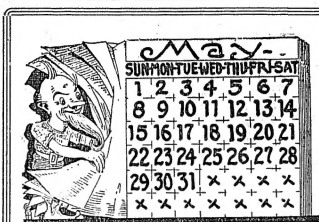
For the past 52 years
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
THE T. MILBURN CO., Limited
Toronto, Ont.

There is no remedy like B.B.B. for giving relief, no remedy that can do more for those who are driven to distraction with the terrible tortures of eczema.

Mrs. Cecil MacKay, Nashwaak Bridge, N.B., writes:—"For a number of years I was troubled with eczema on my hands and they would itch and burn so at night I could not rest."

I tried different remedies and ointments, but of no avail. At last I was advised to take Burdock Blood Bitters, and after taking three bottles my hands were completely healed, and I have not had a sign of the eczema since."

CALGARY'S POPULAR PRICED HOTELS
HOTEL YORK
EVERYTHING NEWEST — Rates \$2.00 to \$3.00
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices
ALSO OPERATING
HOTEL ST. REGIS
RATES: \$1.00 and \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates



May Flowers

'tis said, are the result of "April showers." Which must remind you, Mr. Tradesman, that to see some May Profits "blooming" in your cash register, y'better be doing some preliminary advertising in

THE WETASKIWIN TIMES

Neighborhood NEWS

GWYNNE

The Gwynne Sunshine Club met at Alex. Edlund's last Friday, with a good attendance. The next meeting will be at Roy Harris's on May 27th. A bunch of the Gwynnites gathered and surprised Mrs. Pat Girard on Saturday evening, and joined in celebrating her birthday. The evening was spent in playing Court whist. Five tables were filled and Viola Carlson and C. Maynard won the first prizes, Lillian Walstra and Walter Reed the consolation prizes.

The girls had their first soft ball practice here on Tuesday evening. O. Pyrch has been busy lately building a new barn, which he finished last week.

FALUN

A "500" party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Olson on Saturday evening last. First prizes were awarded Mrs. J. M. Jones and C. Walker, with consolations going to Mrs. C. Cohen and V. Sjolund. A lovely luncheon was served at mid night by the ladies. The occasion was Mrs. L. Olson's birthday, and best wishes were extended to her by all.

BORN—On April 22nd, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Sundquist, a son. Ladies please remember, that next Saturday, May 7th, the Falun W.I. will meet at the home of Mrs. A. Anderson.

A dance will be given in aid of Mr. and Mrs. O. Zehreuk in the Falun school on Friday, May 6th, under the auspices of the Live Wires. It is hoped there will be a good turnout.

KNOB HILL

The weather seems to have cleared up again after all the storms, and farmers will again be able to get in to their fields. Seeding has been delayed.

Newton Eliason, who has been attending the University at Edmonton, has returned home.

Mrs. C. B. McLaughlin has been confined to her bed for over a week with the flu, and we hope she will soon be on the road to recovery.

Rev. Quarnstrom of Winnipeg, was in the district last week holding meetings.

The Sunday school was held at the home of J. A. Stone on Sunday at 10:30 a.m.

E. Olin and H. Freberg of Calgary, have been spending a couple of weeks with their brother J. L. Freberg.

BITTERN LAKE

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Daly and son Ross, motored to Daysland Thursday. Mrs. Daly expects to remain for a while with her daughter, Mrs. Ruhl.

Girl Guide meetings are now held

every Saturday afternoon in their new club room, with Miss Nora Roper as captain. Seeding is general in this district. Mr. and Mrs. Bush Rupertus are visiting with the former's sister, Mrs. E. G. Alm. Roy Gatz of Camrose, is working for Deval and Howarth during the spring work.

A social evening was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Johnson last Tuesday. A number of friends and neighbors were present. E. W. Alm has purchased a new one-way disc.

WINFIELD

It seems as if May were following fearful April's footsteps as to showers. We'll hope for the flowers later.

We were sorry to learn that Inez Bjur, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gust Bjur of Pandry, was removed to the hospital last week suffering from appendicitis. She is reported to be progressing favorably.

J. Eliason has gone to Alder Flats for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Johnson and baby daughter, who have been visiting Mr. Johnson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Johnson, returned to their home in Outlook, Saskatchewan, on Friday.

The dance in the school Friday night, put on by the pupils, was a decided success. Quite a little sum was realized for playground equipment.

NEW SWEDEN

Herbert Anderson returned home from Edmonton, where he has completed his course in Pharmacy at the University. He will be employed in the Northern Drug Store during the summer.

Ruth Pearson motored down from Edmonton on Saturday.

A community party was held in Cherry Grove on Saturday evening. Everyone's reports having a good time.

Road work on the new road from Nashville school to Gwynne has begun.

Clarence Pearson has purchased a discontinued line of telephone poles from the government to be used for fence posts.

Leonard Schantz has been ill with an attack of flu.

Gustav Anderson motored to Edmonton on Sunday to get Miss Lily Anderson and Miss Norma Swanson, who will be spending the summer months at their homes here.

Miss Georgia Blanch spent the week-end with her parents here.

Seen around New Sweden—Emil Anderson stuck in his field with a tractor—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Olmstead of Bowlin, driving through Gwynne on Sunday—Wm. Schantz taking a load to town with four horses on Saturday—Cyril Haukedal and his mother picking crochets on Sunday.

A six-course dinner, everything made of rice, was served at a rice growers' convention in Verona, Italy. It included rice ice cream.

SOUTH PIGEON LAKE

Mr. and Mrs. Fredheim and son of Gwynne, were Sunday visitors at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Art. Norman. Mrs. Norman and little son returned with them.

Mrs. Hardy and Messrs. Hollis and Wayne Mickelberry of Chesterford, were week-end visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Leeman.

Miss Mary Snell, who is attending High School in Wetaskiwin, spent the week-end with her parents here. Mrs. Julius Sanders is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jack Malmus, in Wetaskiwin.

Messrs. Cooke Bros. and Greenwood of Edmonton, were Sunday visitors to the new beach, Crystal Springs.

C. H. Snell, land surveyor, of Red Deer, is a visitor at Snell's mills.

The ice on Pigeon Lake began to break up on Sunday afternoon at four o'clock, when a high wind piled it over twenty feet high in many places along the shore.

Quite a few from this district attended the dance given by Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hemstock Saturday night at their home at Battle Lake.

The announcement has been made that the new dance hall at Ala-Me-O Beach is to open on June 25th.

TOWNLAKE

The weather has been much warmer and the snow is all gone. The water in the lake is higher than it has been for several years. The adjacent meadows are flooded with water, enough so that boats can get to all parts.

Mr. Husted has been working on his new house all week. He is now putting shingles.

Mrs. J. Jones has been "under the weather" this week.

Mrs. Enghoj and Mrs. Johnson of Onward, Sask., visited at the Francis home last week.

Mrs. H. Johnson left Friday morning for Lacombe, visiting friends there before returning to her home at Onward, Sask.

(Intended for last week) Messrs. Cecil Curtis and Jack McDonald, who have spent the past winter at Snell's mill, returned to their former positions with the Calgary Power Co. They are now at Rockford, Alta.

Ward Snell has his new boat up in dry dock, giving her a new coat of paint.

W. Snell has built a new addition to his store in the form of a warehouse.

NAVARRÉ

Seeding and gardening are going on at a rapid rate.

The school children have received generous supply of garden seeds for the school fair and are enthusiastically cultivating their home plots.

Among those in the district who report the arrival of twins is Jack Ware who is the proud possessor of two healthy calves.

Mrs. Nelson Sr., Miss Frances Nelson, Oscar Dahl and David Armstrong, accompanied Mr. and Mrs. G. Van Deusen of Wetaskiwin on a motor trip to Meeting Creek and Donald, last Sunday, where they visited relatives and friends.

Mrs. Ivy Rix spent a few days in Edmonton with her sister, Miss Alta Jackson.

Miss Clara Mack of Edmonton, and Mr. A. Hamilton of Armenia, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. C. Nelson.

A number of ladies from the Bears Hill district assisted at the tea and food sale held in the Luther League hall, Wetaskiwin, Saturday afternoon and evening, when a pleasant and profitable time was spent.

SHADOW BLOWS

OPENING WHISTLE

A shadow cast upon a photo-electric cell caused a distant whistle to blow, thus announcing the opening of the seventh biennial engineering show at Rice Institute, Houston, Texas, last Friday and Saturday. A beam of light was made to talk. A mechanical man stalked importantly about answering silent commands from a student button pusher. A radio-controlled automobile, untouched by human hands, moved around in its own little playground.

REV. POOCK RESIGNS

Duhamel, April 23. —The quarterly official board of the United church held a meeting in New Norway on Wednesday afternoon. The subject under discussion was Rev. Mr. Poock's resignation from the Duhamel circuit. The board asked Mr. Poock to reconsider his resignation. The people from the three appointments will be sorry indeed to lose Mr. Poock.

Battle River has risen considerably higher than it has been for several years. It might be well to warn parents to keep a careful watch on their children for a time or something regrettable may happen.—Ponoka Herald.

Professional money lenders in United States can demand 125 per cent. interest within 12 months, and still be within the law.

W. T. Lucas, member for Camrose, urges drastic Senate reform. Membership should be reduced from 96 to 52 and all senators should be retired at 75, he says.

Commenting on Premier Brownlee's speech in Winnipeg a few nights ago, the Free Press observes: "A harder, starker, sterner piece of well-expressed realism has not been heard by a Winnipeg audience; and it is to be hoped it was appreciated by all who heard it at its full value."

The Dominion has guaranteed Canadian banks against loss through advances made to the Beauharnois Power Corporation, Premier R. B. Bennett told the House of Commons recently. Advances guaranteed so far amount to \$7,951,500, against which the banks hold securities valued at \$15,900,000. This will be bitter medicine for those calamity howlers who derided the government guarantees to the wheat pools as being class legislation of the most ribald character.

No doubt the wheat pools will be quick to sense the situation and apply the resulting counter-irritant.—Ex.

One of the school children asked to explain "out of sight, out of mind" said it meant invisible and insane.

One definition of hard times is when you quit feeding the old cow and still expect her to keep giving milk.

They call them mite boxes because you might put something in them and you might not.

The courts have ruled that any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether addressed in his name or another's or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for payment. If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and he collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken or not.

Chasing birds in an airplane, an American airman found that geese travelled at from 52 to 56 miles an hour, wild ducks at 46 miles, and teal at nearly 75 miles an hour when alarmed.

For the first time in its history, Malling Lake, Medicine Lake and tributary waters will be opened on June 1 of this year. These waters which were destitute of fish life, were stocked with speckled trout from the Cisco, Pennsylvania, in 1927, and so phenomenal has been the development of these fish that specimens weighing more than six pounds were netted in these waters during a government test last fall. Altogether, over a million fry were placed in the waters and government experts estimate that there are now more than a million fish of legal size and over. These waters are located in Jasper National Park.

WINFIELD U.F.A.

The U.F.A. held their regular business meeting Saturday night at the mill. Several matters of importance were taken up. As they are incorporating into the "Winfield U.F.A. Community Hall Association" two additional members were elected to the executive, J. A. Abbott and C. Enghoj. Following the business meeting, two short talks were given, Mrs. Sabin giving an amusing imitation of a political candidate, and Mrs. Stady a reading entitled "Mother." Both talks were heartily enjoyed. Games and dancing followed, and an enjoyable time was had. A plentiful lunch was served.

CROOKED LAKE U.F.A.

There will be a meeting at the Crooked Lake hall on Wednesday, May 11th, at 8 o'clock p.m. All are requested to attend as a party will be present to discuss the matter of placing a stallion in this locality for a certain number of mares. Our horses are all getting old and we must have horses. All who are interested are urged to attend.

LONE RIDGE U.F.A.

The monthly meeting of the U.F.A. local will be held in the Lone Ridge hall on Tuesday, May 10th, at 8 p.m. Everybody welcome.

VITAMIN B IN BRAN, RESEARCH REVEALS

Also Has "Bulk" to Further Assist Elimination, and Iron for Blood

One of the functions of Vitamin B is to help tone the intestinal tract, and promote elimination. Now, laboratory experiments show Kellogg's ALL-BRAN contains this valuable vitamin.

In addition, ALL-BRAN brings a plentiful supply of "bulk"—which provides the "ballast" needed to exercise the intestines.

This "bulk" in ALL-BRAN is similar to that of lettuce. Inside the body, it is different from the way you see it in the package. It absorbs moisture, and forms a soft mass which gently clears the intestines of wastes. Special cooking processes make ALL-BRAN finer, milder, more palatable.

Another healthful element brought by ALL-BRAN is iron. Tests show this cereal has twice as much usable iron as the same weight of beef liver.

Check common constipation—with its frequent headaches, loss of appetite and energy—by eating this delicious cereal. How much pleasanter than taking pills and drugs—so often habit-forming.

Just eat two table-spoonfuls daily of constipation. If your intestinal trouble is not relieved this way, see your doctor.

Appetizing recipes on the red-and-green package. Made by Kellogg in London, Ontario.

FLETCHER S.D. REPORT

Grade I. Jr.	
Oscar Pell	80.6
Grade I. Sr.	
Berthald Schmidt	84.6
Adella Stein	81.6
Grade III. Jr.	
Henry Carscience	80.5
Opal McKenna	78.3
Grade III. Sr.	
Edna Ness	91.2
Donald Lindsay	80.5
Thomas Mackenzie	76.4
Erwin Schmidt	73.6
Mildred Simpson	70.4
Grade IV.	
Margaret Kadlec	81.5
Winifred McKenna	70.5
Grade V.	
Donald Ness	69.8
Grade VI.	
James Lindsay	68.6
Gertrude Simpson	68.1
Clairde McKenna	57.7
Grade VIII.	
Alfie Unland	78.1
Sherman Simpson	66.6

G. MacKENZIE, Teacher.

GWYNNE SCHOOL REPORT

Grade I. (In order of merit)—Edward Tudy, Rose Marie Johnson, Helen Rehaume, Bernice Holmer, Delma Carlson.	
Grade II.	
Gilbert Tudy	79.5
Milton Carlson	54.17
Grade III-B.	
Ralph Hay	88.2
Margaret Hay	87.6
Evelyn Womack	85.8
Doris Hilgartner	85.25
Alice Holter	83.4
Mary Walstra	39.5
Grade III-A.	
Lloyd Hilgartner	86.17
Irene Holter	67.5
Lloyd Walstra	49.1
Grade IV.	
Olive Hilgartner	85
Flora Walstra	73.25
Grade V.	
Walter Carlson	68.76
Grade VI.	
Raymond Girard	88.94
Anna Palsley	73.81
Lillian Walstra	52.94
Roy Hilgartner	45.13
Grade VII.	
Lyle Womack	66.44
Clifford Johnson	66.11
Grade VIII.	
Lyla Hilgartner	58.44
Grade IX.	
Viola Carlson	82.08
Lucille Womack	74.83
Alma Newman	71
Betty Rupertus	66.33
Grade X. (Partial)	
Agnes Johnson	87.75
Ben Womack	84.38

ESTHER O. MEYER, Teacher.

Locally (to new arrival): "People usually admit I've made them comfortable here. I've always had a gift for going that." McTavish: "Is that a fact? Well, ye needna expect one from me."



IN Gutta Percha Tires, GUM CUSHIONS,

broad pads of pure gum rubber built in between the layers of cord fabric, completely absorb average road shocks so that the tire is not bruised. They lessen even the most severe shocks so that the cord fabric is not ruptured. They absorb the flexing strain in the side walls of the tire. They reinforce the bead of the tire and absorb strains there.

Only Gutta Percha Tires are Gum Cushioned. Only Gutta Percha Tires give you this amazing EXTRA protection which means thousands of extra miles from your tires, and extra comfort and safety as well.

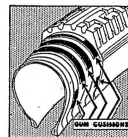
Yet Gutta Percha Tires cost no more than ordinary tires. You pay nothing extra for the extra values you get. Gutta Percha Tires will give you better service from the first day on.

GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER, LIMITED

Head Office: Toronto Branches from Coast to Coast

THE GUTTA PERCHA TIRE

In the Gutta Percha Tire, shown above, only the finest quality of cord fabric is used. Each strand is impregnated and encased in rubber to prevent cord chafing and to give extra mileage and extra safety.



An Interesting Accessory for You—FREE

Your Gutta Percha Dealer will give you FREE a handsome polished metal service record to remind you when to change oil, when to lubricate the chassis, when to check tires, battery, etc. Conveniently small—can be fastened in your car in a jiffy—Ask him for it.

GUTTA PERCHA TIRES GUM CUSHIONED

Made by the Largest All-Canadian Rubber Company—Founded in 1893

NOWELL'S SERVICE STATION

REGAL SERVICE STATION

WETASKIWIN, ALBERTA

NO SUCH LUCK

Patron: "May I have some stationery?" Hotel Clerk (haughtily): "Are you a guest of the house?" Patron: "I should say not! I'm paying \$20 a day!"

Renew your subscription to the Wetaskiwin Times now.

CORRECTED

The farmer was escorting the new-livered boarder, a young city lady, from the train to the farmhouse, when all at once she spied a small herd of calves in a field near by. "Oh," she cried, "look at the little cowlets."

Grimacing, the farmer replied: "No miss; them's bullets!"

ALBERTA GOVERNMENT SAVINGS CERTIFICATES Backed by the Entire Resources of the Province

4%

PAYABLE ON DEMAND

NEW ISSUE—Provincial Saving Certificates issued for terms of one, two, three years, and bearing interest at 5 percent per annum are now available in denominations of \$25, \$50, \$100 and larger amounts.

DEMAND CERTIFICATES—Savings Certificates payable on demand, bearing interest at 4 percent per annum are still available as in former years.

Apply to SAVINGS CERTIFICATES BRANCH TREASURY DEPT., EDMONTON HON. R. G. REID, Prov. Treasurer

5%

TERM CERTIFICATES One, Two, Three Years

USED CARS

1 1929 Chevrolet Sedan \$475.00 1 1929 Chevrolet Coach \$375.00

Good Used Kan-Kin Trunk \$10.00 1 1925 Ford Coupe \$60.00

JOS. N. SCHREIFELS Chevrolet Dealer

PHONE 123 WETASKIWIN

THESE WANT AD'S BRING RESULTS

WANT AD'S



FOR SALE—100 head of Yorkshire feed hogs, weight about 60 lbs. each. Carlson Bros., Malmoe. 7-31

FOR SALE—No. 6 700 lb. Cream Separator, with governor pulley and churn; also 1½ h.p. pump engine with Vico magneto, 22 in. gas breaker; all in first-class shape. Apply to Massey-Harris Co., F. Walling, Manager, Wetaskiwin. 7-21

FOR SALE—Western Rye grass seed. Fyrie variety. Government graded No. 1. Free of noxious weeds and couch grass. 11 cents per lb. f.o.b. Camrose; 9 cents per lb. at farm S.E. 34-47-21, eleven miles N.E. of Bittern Lake. Carl Soderstrom, Arma. 7-41

FOR SALE—Bronze Turkey hatching eggs from A and B branded hens weighing from 15 to 21 lbs. Eggs 30c each, or \$2.50 per setting of 8. Mrs. M. Grant, R.R. 2, Wetaskiwin, Alta. 7-21

BULL FOR SALE—Yearling Ayrshire, registered. Good animal, and will be sold at reasonable price. Apply to A. Hougstol, R1 Millet. 6-21

FOR SALE—Ever-bearing strawberry plants, \$1.00 per 100. Also pure Buff Orpington hatching eggs, 40c for 15. Some good laying strains and extra large birds. For further particulars, apply to Mrs. Walter A. Shantz, phone 1206, Wetaskiwin. 6-31

FOR SALE—Registered dark red yearling Bulls, \$50.00 each at ranch, 12 miles east of Millet. Pedigrees included. Or will exchange for good grain, heavy breeding harness, or tandem disc. Kelley Bros., Millet P.O. 6-41

FOR SALE—Ayrshire Bull, about one year old. Registered. Very fine animal and priced right. Apply to Thorvald Jevne, R3 Wetaskiwin. 5-31

FOR SALE—Purebred Barred Rock hatching eggs, foundation stock 1930. Manitoba and Alberta approved flocks. Price 50c for 15, or \$2.50 for 100. Apply to S. G. Simpson, R11 Falun. 4-11

FOR SALE—Two Fox boys' spring riders, almost as good as new. Apply to The Times Office, Wetaskiwin. 1-11

FOR SALE—Battery charger, complete with bulb. Snap for cash. Apply Box "F", Times Office. 37-11



FOR RENT—Partly or fully furnished modern suite of rooms, equipped with sink, rooms hot water heated; use of tubs and electric washing machine in basement if desired. For particulars phone 156 or write Box 264, Wetaskiwin. 4-11



Excellent BOARD AND ROOMS Reasonable Rates Mrs. Pearson Mgr. Phone 156

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED—To buy, one or two young cows, now milking or to freshen shortly. Write particulars to S. Filas, Gwynne. 6-21

HORSES WANTED—Anyone having old or crippled horses to dispose of, please call, telephone or write us. We can take immediate delivery. Montgomery Brothers Limited, phone 18, Wetaskiwin. 20-11



HOUSE TO RENT—Four rooms, good location, low rental. Apply to W. Gale, Wetaskiwin. 7-11

TO LET—Small bungalow on Rossmore Street. Occupation given May 1st. Apply W. H. Odell, Star Store Block. 4-11

SPORT

WETASKIWIN BALL CLUB TO PLAY SERIES WITH EDMONTON

A series of home and home games are being scheduled with Edmonton teams, and a snappy brand of ball is expected.

The club held a big practice Tuesday night, with some new players in uniform which, with the former players, will give the managers quite a number to pick from.

Camrose, Ponoka, Bashaw and Mirror are all going in for baseball stronger than ever this year, and it is evident that we will have plenty of good ball games during the season.

EDMONTON GRADS WIN 11TH DOMINION CHAMPIONSHIP

Edmonton, May 3.—Batting away with tempers frayed, Edmonton Commercial Grads and Windsor-Walkerville Alumnae clashed here last night and once again the world-famed Grads won victory and the girls' senior basketball championship of the Dominion. It was the Grads' eleventh Dominion title.

By winning Saturday night's opener 60 to 32 and last night's game 46 to 18, the Grads won the title by two games straight in a best-two-out-of-three series.

Here and There

Exports of Canadian wheat during the month of March totalled 9,920,034 bushels, of which only 71,238 bushels were routed through St. John's Atlantic seaboard ports.

Canada's butter exports to the British Isles and other countries totalled 10,680,000 pounds in 1931, as compared with only 1,180,400 pounds in 1930.

Canada's bread and bakery products industry showed production to a value of \$78,594,894 during 1930, through 2,698 establishments, of which 1,071 are located in Ontario and 868 in Quebec.

March was the year's best month, to date, for pig iron production in Canada, with a total of 17,459 tons, at a rate of 580 tons per day, as compared with 362 tons per day in February and 332 in January.

W. G. Chester, dean of Canadian railroad veterans, has just returned in Winnipeg, after 25 years in the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and with the title of Brotherhood of Railway Conductors.

Excursions run by the Canadian Pacific Railway between various points in Western Canada have met with unqualified success. To date, some 17,000 persons have been carried on visits and holidays, over different week-ends, by this means.

The 1931 census shows 728,244 occupied farms in Canada, or 17,164 more than were shown when the census was taken in 1921. Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia are responsible for the increase, with the last-named in the lead.

Navigation opened in Montreal on April 18, with the Canadian Pacific freighter Beaverburn the first ship to leave the city. Her master Captain E. Landy, receiving the gold-headed cane, presented annually by the Harbor Commissioners, for this exploit.

Passenger honors in the trans-Atlantic service also fell to the Canadian Pacific, when the liner Montclare docked on the afternoon of Tuesday, April 19, as the first passenger ship to arrive in Montreal. Thus the C. P. R. claims double honors for the 1932 season.

Liverpool witnessed a unique event on April 6, when 150 British boys and girls disembarked from the Canadian Pacific liner Montclare, after a special cruise in the Mediterranean. A great London daily newspaper has offered prizes for the best essays written on the trip.

Some weird stories have been told of feline sagacity, but the open record would appear to be held by a Siamese cat, which "stowed away" on the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Britain, when she left England to go to New York to begin her world cruise last winter. Pussy finally decided to show herself when the ship was half-way through the long trip. The Empress got a rousing welcome in New York when the trip was over, and the much-travelled cat was delivered to its owner, in the Southern States. (837)

A colored lady had accompanied her mistress to an entertainment where a medium had aroused much interest by reading a newspaper through a thick black cloth while blindfolded. At this juncture the colored lady got up to leave.

"You are not going, are you, Aunt?"

"Ah snah is," replied Aunt. "Des heah am no place for a 'wepie cull' and lady wid nothin' on but a thin calico dress."

WEEKLY STOCK MARKET REPORT

The following is a report from the Edmonton Stock Yards, as supplied to The Times for the week ending May 3rd:

Receipts: Cattle, 609; Calves, 57; Hogs, 1753; Sheep, 10. Trading on the cattle market is decidedly brisk and buyers are showing a keen attitude and are brisk in their bidding. In consequence the market has been quite active and sales so far this week indicate that prices are fully steady to strong as compared to last week, especially on cows. The following are the prices:

The general run of good fed calves selling at \$5.25 to \$5.50; choice would bring more; mediums \$4.50 to \$5.00; good butcher steers \$4.75 to \$5.00; mediums \$4.00 to \$4.50, and common to fair from \$3.00 to \$3.75, and as low as \$2.50 for unselectables. Good to choice handweight heifers \$4.50 to \$5.00; mediums \$4.00 to \$4.25; good heavies \$3.25 to \$3.75; and common to fair from \$2.50 to \$3.25; choice light cows quoted up to \$3.50. The general run of good kinds \$3.00 to \$3.25; common to medium \$2.00 to \$2.75; canners and cutters \$1.00 to \$1.75 and bulls \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Stockers are not showing the same keen tone, with no very good ones arriving. The general run of stocker steers and heifers \$3.00 to \$3.50; choice breeders kinds would bring more; cows \$2.25 to \$2.75.

Calf market firmer. Good to choice light vealers \$5.50 to \$6.00; mediums \$4.50 to 5.00; and common to fair \$3.50 to \$4.50.

Hog market firmer. Today, Tuesday, trucked-in sold at \$3.40 for the bacon. Selects bringing a premium of 60c per hundred and butchers discount 50c per hundred. The cuts on off-grade hogs remain the same and are as follows: Heavies discounted 75c per hundred; extra heavies discounted \$1.25 per hundred; No. 1 sows \$1.25 per hundred; No. 2 sows \$1.75 per hundred; roughs discounted \$2.00 per hundred, and stags \$2.00 per hundred.

Receipts of sheep so far have been insufficient to make or establish a market. Prices quoted steady, with good light lambs \$5.50 to \$5.75; mediums \$4.75 to \$5.25; yearlings \$3.50 to \$4.00, and ewes \$2.50 to \$3.50.

TERRIFIC WASTE BY SOIL DRIFTING

It is probable that soil drifting will not be as great a problem this spring in Alberta as it was last year, nevertheless the menace will undoubtedly re-occur from time to time and farmers should use every possible preventive measure. Professor Wyatt of Alberta University estimates that it would require from \$150 to \$250 worth of chemical fertilizer to replace the nitrogen lost from one acre by the blowing away of one inch of soil one inch deep. The removal of one inch of soil from the best farming areas in the province wastes 300 lbs. of phosphorus, 1500 lbs. of nitrogen and 15 lbs. of organic matter. The phosphorus alone that is lost is equal to the amount required from the soil by 50 crops of wheat each yielding 50 bushels to the acre. A pamphlet entitled "Soil Drifting and Its Control" has recently been issued by the University of Alberta.

THE STRANGER COMES HOME

Who's that? No, Mother dear? Gee! He knows us, ain't it queer? Hush, my own, don't talk so wild, He's your father, dearest child. He's my father? No such thing. The ole man died, way last spring; No such luck, you silly dud. He just married a goifing club. From early spring to late in fall He chops and batters the poor wee ball! The start was splendid, the ending sad, He is sour, and crabby, and peevish and mad. So get his slippers, be nice to him, dear; He'll get over it by the new year. Kiss him—he won't bite you, child, All them goifin' guys look wild.

AN HONEST MAN

A preacher at the close of his sermon said: "Let all in the house who are paying their debts stand up." Presently every man, woman and child rose to their feet except one. The preacher seated them and said: "Now let every man not paying his debts stand up." The exception got to his feet.

"How is it, my friend," the preacher asked, "that you are the only one not able to meet his obligations?"

"I run a newspaper," he answered, "and the brethren here who stood up are my subscribers, and—"

You would not be ashamed of your stationery if it had been printed at The Times office.

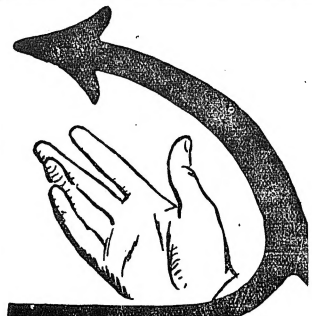
TREMENDOUS REMOVAL



Too Heavy Overhead Expense has forced us to find smaller premises at lower rent and other charges.

UNTIL MAY 21 WE ARE OFFERING WONDERFUL BARGAINS, as we have over six thousand dollars more stock than we can crowd into our new location.

We list below some of the outstanding values that must be cleared out. BUT REMEMBER, BIG REDUCTIONS APPLY TO EVERYTHING NOW IN STOCK.



Linoleums

Five patterns in 6 ft. Printed, at 70c per square yard. Two patterns in 12 ft. Printed, at 75c per square yard. Two patterns in 6 ft. INLAID, at \$1.10 per square yard. Compare these prices with those of any catalogue.

Wire Gates

One only 12 ft. and one only 16 ft. Gate at \$7.95 and \$8.45 respectively.

Stock Tank

One only 8 ft. Galvanized Steel Water Tank \$11.75

Beds, Springs

and MATTRESSES. We have still a good assortment of these and as we will have no room for them after May 21st, out they go regardless of cost.

Ranges

Four new Ranges, including two MONARCH MALLEABLES at clean-out prices. Also two used ranges at ridiculously low prices.

Electric Washing Machines

Three of them to clear at give-away prices. One brand new Locomotive Washer complete with Motor and Wringer for \$50.00. A used Eden Washer in good order, years of use still available for \$20.00

Dinner Sets

We have sold a lot of these in the last six weeks, but have several yet to clear at \$14.75, \$16.80, \$18.90 and up for full 97 piece sets.

Manila Rope

A limited quantity, sizes ¼ in. to ¾ in., at 20c per lb.

Blacksmith Tools

Two Vulcan Anvils, two Champion Post Drills, one Columbian Leg Vise (5 in. jaws), Plovers Hammers, Tongs, etc., Webster Smithing Coal in 100 lb. sacks. These must go at any reasonable offer.

House Paints

Still a good selection of Stephens' first quality colors at \$4.00 per gallon can. A few ½ gallons of Stephens' Floor Paint in Yellow and Brown at \$1.89 per can.

Fence Wires

Stock pretty well cleaned out—a few rolls of Glidden 2-point Galvanized Barbed Wire at \$3.25 per 80 rod roll. Also some Poultry Netting, Lawn Fence and Gates, and a 10 rod roll of 48 inch 8-45 Hinge Stay Fence for \$5.00.

4-Horse Tandem Hitch

One only genuine McKinnon outfit, \$11.60. Check this price against any catalogue price.

ON MONDAY, MAY 23 WE MOVE into our New Store, and by June 1 will be ready to serve your hardware needs with a well-assorted stock at prices that have been unknown in the Wetaskiwin district before. REMEMBER—until May 21 our entire stock is offered at Clearing Prices. Terms of course STRICTLY CASH

WHYTE & ORR LIMITED
WETASKIWIN, ALTA.

SCHOOL REPORT

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL REPORT

Grade I.	
Rosina Schenke	84.5
Ruth Chalmers	82.3
Royden Russell	79
Tillie Hay	79
Joyce Hunter	78.9
Ruth Rodell	78.3
Norman Parker	77.3
Pauline Schneck	75.7
Freda Leimvoeber	75.5
Jack Inglis	69.7
Douglas Collett	68.2
Carlton Mellett	68.5
Billy Palmer	68.5
Kenneth MacEachern	68.3
Peggy Wilson	68.3
Ernest Ruite	61.7
Myrtle Wood	59.3
Myrtle Wait	57.5
Gordon Ragan	56.8
Frank Blackwell	56.2
George Deily	56.7
Palmer Rice	37.2

Unclassified: Marie Oswald (illness), Joyce Merner, Frank Burns, Leo Collett.

BLANCHET R. ABBOTT, Teacher.

Grade II.	
Lucy Palfrey	95.5
Dorothy Montgomery	92.8
Marjory Anderson	91.8
Jean Anderson	90.8
Shirley Holmes	89.2
Pelix Appel	89.2
Heidi French	89.1
Biddy Palfrey	88.8
Bernard Chandler	88.4
Frances Vassar	88.1
Alban Smith	87.8
Elgie Barhill	87.3
Oliver Bevan	87.2
Elaine Weir	86.8
Helen Mannes	82
Joy Provost	79.5
Cyril Lysons	78.4
Donald Thompson	74.8
Herbert Capps	72.7
Isabel Romph	72.7
Freddie Bowie	71.8
Keith Groves	68.8
Edgar de Roseurol	65.3
Jimmy Groves	64.8
Raymond Reinhart	58.4
Barbara Beaton	57.6
Gwyneth Rice	57.4
Ernest McLeod	53.6
Selma Nevalin	53.4

H. DICKSON, Teacher.

Grade III.	
Hella Cradie	85.5
Della Schenke	87.5
Norman Chandler	86.6
Stanley Hendrickson	85.3
Elmer Provost	85.3
Billy Peat	83.4
Jean Newby	83
Phyllis Standish	81.9
Charles Braglin	79.9
Earle Edwards	78.6
Ruth McLeod	78.6
James Lohndor	78.4
Mona Watson	78.3
Elsie Ragan	77.6
Stanley Reynolds	77.4
James Schreffels	77
Ambrose Asper	76.1
Merrill Rice	75.1
Jimmy Tenpenny	75.1
Pat Blackwell	74.6
Tom Groves	71.9
Alfred Reinhart	71.9
Phyllis Wunch	71.1
Betty Shantz	69.8
Elaine Weir	68.9
Glenia Smith	68.5
Bernice Hansen	68.4
Fred Ruite	67.8
Mona East	67.3
James Bell	67.3
Dora Murphy	65
Donald Lohndor	62
George Nevalin	61.4
Randolph Mogien	60.5
Stanley Holton	60
Bonnie Dietz	56.9
Junior Snyder	54.1
Charles Baker	54
August Feldberg	40.1
Augustine Janzen	32.8

Unclassified: Gordon Oleson, Irene Oswald, Edith Yates.

L. M. O. FILLAND, Teacher.

Grade IV.	
Dorothy Parker	81.25
Elhel Smeek	80.25
Elmer Roraph	79.25
Harry Newby	78.5
Douglas Manley	75.33
Donald MacEachern	75
Lois Burroughs	74.25
Sidney Spencer	74.09
Gourlie Smith	74
Robert Chalmers	73.92
Bobbie Kirsten	71.17
Bert Provost	70.66
Vera Dehl	70.25
Albert Schneck	70.08
Minnie Littman	69
Vernell Smith	68.45
Elgin Ewing	66.5
Alma Pieder	65.53
Arthur de Roseurol	65.08
Moore Schram	64.90
Herbert Schreffels	64.08
Elmer Burk	63.75
Greta Westford	62.5
Greta Tenpenny	61.58
Herman Hay	61
Deis Schreffels	60.66
Marguerite Norman	60.5
Jean Dufina	59.91
Donald Jackson	59.5
Marguerite Deitz	58.5
Frank Greenwood	55.46
Elsie Wager	55.41
Bryon Reynolds	54.58
Gerald Spencer	53.82
Bob Blackwell	51.41
Robena Schantz	50.33
Norman Schantz	48.16
George Churchill	44.83

MARGARET MCKAY, Teacher.

Grade V.	
Beryl Gilchrist	90.9
Sylvia Bidinger	90.2
Andrey Miller	89
Grace Ewing	87.1
Gertrude Hay	86.5
Shirley Smith	84.9
Marlene Appel	84.2
Alan Carlson	83.2
Lairde Russell	82.8
Renato Louckier	81.4
Roy Erickson	79.7
Jack Shillaker	79.1
Ruth Radomski	77.9
Buster Stansberry	77.7
Milly McLeod	76.6
Howard Palmer	75.4

Leslie Sharlow	74.9
Jack Vassar	74.3
Milton Coulson	73.4
Billy Barnett	73.3
Gordon Groves	73.2
Heidi Heath	73
Lona East	72.9
Beryl Schneck	72.7
Helen Burkholder	72.3
Arnold Lindsey	71.5
Lucille Russell	71.3
Dorene Snyder	71.3
John Taylor	70.2
Jean Asper	69.4
Arthur Dufina	68.3
Charlie Schneck	66.1
June Merner	65.5
Bennie Reinhard	64.9
Tancred Lysons	63.3
Helen Graham	63.1
Florence Schram	61
Robert Leichert	60.5
Elsie Leichert	58.5
Viola Dayton	53.5

E. THRASHER, Teacher.

Grade VIII.	
Luther Appel	81.10
Dorothy Dufina	80.20
Dorlene Irving	78.54
Jack French	78.08
Billy Odell	76.00
Cecil Bridgman	75.91
Marianne Orr	73.50
Lillie Arratt	72.95
Alma Spencer	71.37
Billy Beavo	71.37
Milton Gilchrist	71.25
Lawrence Peat	71.20
George Taylor	70.87
Herbert Hansen	70.75
Ethel Collett	70.54
Jean Bridgman	69.85
James Thomson	65.33
Bertha Lee	64.94
Phyllis Hardy	63.50
Fred Hodson	60.87
Victor Scott	60.58
Robert Kestlin	60.25
Fredrick Kestlin	59.51
Irene Ellison	59.04
Grace Rice	58.79
Thomas Bates	58.00
Viola Bidinger	56.66
Bernice Bergen	56.12
Douglas Barry	56.04
Inga Smith	55.70
Verna Johnson	53.75
Edith Kestlin	53.04
Raymond Wherry	51.20
Dan Littman	51.00
James Inglis	49.91
Oriel Bye	48.08
Fannie Miller	48.81
Billy Miller	48.54
Thelma Bates	47.75
Pearl Collett	46.58
Lloyd Collett	44.00
Margaret Bolt	42.95
Irene Edwards	42.45

Unclassified (due to illness): Donald Lindsey, Gladys Holby, Robert N. Oleson, Marian M. Jey, Thomas Palfrey.

J. KULAK, Teacher.

KING EDWARD SCHOOL REPORT

Grade I.	
Jack Jackson	91
Harold Boyd	90
Elsie Halgren	89.3
Lila Verstraete	88.6
Nathaniel Schneck	88.5
Norma Olson	88
Hugh Stewart	79
Ervin Depner	78.6
Ruth Gibson	77.1
Rose Ambler	72.6
Helen Braglin	72
Valter Wieseler	69
Donald Murphy	64.3
Melvin Barr	63
George Printup	57.6
Minnie Haak	49.6
Agnes Vanhuizen	47
Colin Bye	46.3
George Ambler	41.2
Bernice Murphy	39.6

Grade II.

Kenneth Olson	90.8
Alstair Sorenson	90.4
Marjorie Miller	81
Myra Anderson	80
John Smith	74.6
Louise Haak	68.5
Dyron Printup	63.2
Donald Ray	63.8
Bernard Murphy	47.4
Norman Ambler	33

G. E. CHRISTIE, Teacher.

Grade IV.	
Myrtle Pelling	84
Sylvia Chapman	83
Adair Sherbeck	78.4
Mary Lassel	78.4
George Smith	76.2
Bernice Barr	75.4
Marrel Sherbeck	72.2
Dorothy Callies	72.1
Edward Vanhuizen	68.8
Robert Ragan	57.8

Grade V.

Robert George	82.2
Thelma Asper	81.9
Russell Overn	78.2
Robert Guerard	76.4
Leaheta Sorenson	75.9
Dallas Olson	74.8
Joyce Gibson	74.4
Kurt Warren	74.3
Douglas Warren	71.7
Kurt Depner	70.7
Helen Vanhuizen	69.5
Andrew Chalmers	68.5
Ransom Wagar	63.9

E. V. CORBETT, Teacher.

Grade VI.

Jimmie French	84.50
Jack Brown	83.65
Ruth Pelland	81.80
Margaret Bester	81.59
Bob Watson	81.42
Neil Beaton	78.58
Anthony Reinchen	76.92
Betty Palfrey	74.11
Madeline East	70.10
Evelyn Verstraete	67.67
Raymond Smith	48.16
Manuel Overn	64.17

Irwin Bleiler	63.92
Marjory Rice	63.42
Lester Smith	61.00
Harvey Pelling	57.17
Jennie Kestlin	56.92
Edna Chappell	56.67
Jim Chapman	55.92
Kenneth Hilly	55.80
Ross Baker	53.91
George Ragan	53.67
Cecil Wager	53.00
Alma Williams	52.80
Clarence Jackson	52.50
Lester Beller	51.92
Byron Jerve	51.73
Clarence Radomski	50.92
Jessie Vanhuizen	50.18
Gordon Standish	49.85
Freda Hall	47.76
Bernard Parker	46.58
Cecil Heath	44.90
Floyd Shantz	39.36
Betty Johnson	39.17
Clarence Asper	35.25
Myrtle Ambler	29.34
Joe Ragan	23.91

B. A. MUNN, Teacher.

Grade VII.	
Elona Asper	90.08
Ruth Nord	83.81
Freda Littman	80.75
Elsie Schneck	80.20
Phyllis Hendrickson	80.04
Lillian Roraph	78.41
Cora Stansberry	75
Gordon Erickson	73.70
George Godin	71.50
Viola Deuchter	71.20
Lorraine Sorenson	70.62
Oiga Schneck	70.37
Robert Kestlin	69.41
Sam Cook	65.45
Joseph Schrag	65
Ronald Wagner	60.79
Evelyn Merner	59
Gertrude McLeod	58.55
Margaret Asper	58.22
Robert Kestlin	57.87
Elsie Gardiner	57.27
John Owen	56.58
Barbara Baker	56.41
Billy Palfrey	55
Joe Cole	50.80
Clarence Asper	44.64

Unclassified—Willie Leichert.

A. M. HENDERSON, Teacher.

CROSS-BREDS VS. PURE-BREDS

IN PRODUCING MARKET HOGS

(Experimental Farms Note)

With the object in view of determining the comparative economy of pork production between pure-bred hogs of the Yorkshire, Tamworth, Berkshire and Jersey breeds and the respective crosses of the same breeds, six tests have been conducted, over a period of five years, at the Dominion Experimental Station, Lacombe, Alta. For this purpose the following hogs were used in the tests: 8 Berkshires, 44 purebreds, 28 purebred Tamworths, 10 purebred Duroc-Jerseys, 17 Yorkshire-Tamworth crosses, 12 Yorkshire-Duroc Jersey crosses, 11 Berkshire-Duroc Jersey crosses, 9 Berkshire-Tamworth crosses, and 9 Tamworth-Berkshire crosses, making a total of 100 purebreds and 58 crossbreds. The comparison of breeds as economic producers was studied at the same time, which accounted for there being only a comparatively small number of crossbred pigs used. In selecting hogs for the experiment an endeavour was made to obtain hogs of fairly uniform size and at the same time obtain lots as nearly the same blood lines as possible. There was some variation in the age of the respective lots, which was unavoidable.

Based on the five year average, the results of this test show the crossbred pigs to make an average daily gain per head of 1,113 pounds as contrasted with 1,023 pounds on the part of the purebreds, or an increase of 8.7 per cent in favor of crossbreeding.

In "meat required to produce 100 pounds of gain" there is a marked difference in favor of the cross-bred pigs, the average showing a saving of 34 pounds of meat on the cross-bred lots over the purebred for every 100 pounds of gain produced.

Coming to the cost per hundred pounds gain, here again the cross-bred lots make the better showing, with an average for all lots of 55 cents per hundred pounds gain in favor of the crossbred lots.

While the crossbred pigs clearly excelled those of pure breeding it must be kept in mind that it takes purebreds on both sides of the pedigree in order to gain whatever benefits may accrue from the cross-breeding process. In order to obtain the best results in cross-breeding, outstanding individuals must be secured for foundation stock of the breeds it is proposed to cross. The progeny of crossbred litters should be for market purposes only, and should never be used under any circumstances be retained for breeding purposes.

You would not be ashamed of your stationery if it had been printed at The Times office.

RUST-RESISTANT WHEAT

In the April 26th issue of the Edmonton Journal an article appeared from Herman Trelle of Wembley in which he undertook to discuss rust resistances in wheat and the work of the scientists who were working on this project.

In the following article, Dr. Robert Newton, professor of field crops and plant biochemistry, at the University of Alberta, sets forth clearly and accurately the situation as far as the fight against rust is concerned.

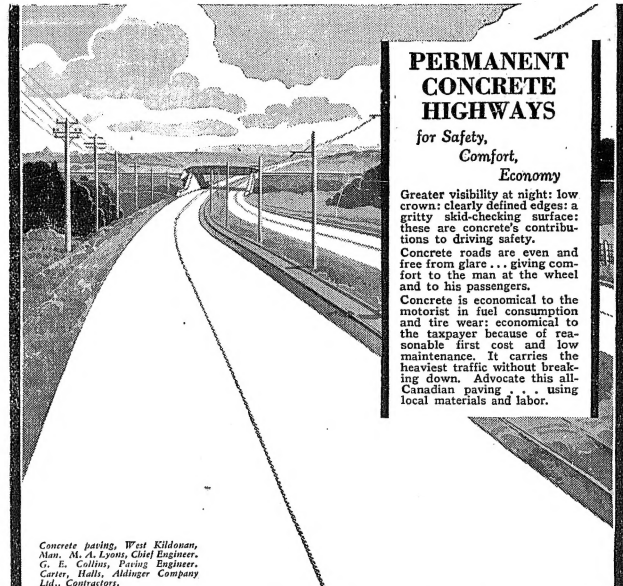
Wheat rust is no longer a mysterious menace; it has been quite well understood for a long time. True, one important feature had escaped attention until some fifteen years ago, when it was discovered that there were several forms of black stem rust, which differed only in their capacity to attack different varieties of wheat. A wheat variety resistant to certain forms might be susceptible to others. This led to some disconcerting results in the early attempts to breed resistant wheats; a variety which appeared resistant at first might later appear susceptible, thus leading color to Mr. Trelle's suggestion that resistance may break down. In reality no such thing happened; it was merely that the wheat variety came in contact with rust forms which it had previously escaped and to which it had never been resistant. Once a comprehensive survey of all the rust forms occurring in western Canada had been made, plant breeders set to work to build up varieties possessing resistance to all forms. This they did by intercrossing a series of varieties, which, individually were resistant, only to some of the rust forms, but in the sum total of their inheritance made it possible to select certain individuals among the offspring which possessed the desired resistance to all rust forms.

It is noted that the new kind of resistance was produced in this way: the achievement lay in combining in one variety the resistance which had previously been divided between a number of varieties.

Obviously this breeding work was a laborious and painstaking process, even with the help of greenhouses in which an extra generation could be grown each winter. Nevertheless, a number of fully rust-resistant wheats have been in existence for several years. The only one in which the resistance was later broken down would be by the appearance of a new rust differing in infection capabilities from any which have been found in western Canada. The organism which causes rust is a plant, like wheat, though of a much lower order. Like other plants, the rust plant may give rise to new forms by natural crossing. Scientists have been fully alive to this possibility of new rust forms arising and upsetting their previous breeding work. By long-continued, painstaking effort, scientists at the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory, Winnipeg, have succeeded in making many artificial crosses between existing rust forms. This work has satisfied them that there is no likelihood of such crosses producing any new kind of infection capability, just as in wheat the same thing has produced no new kind of resistance. What resulted in both cases was merely a new combination of characters which already existed in the parents. Since we now have wheat varieties which combine resistance to all existing forms of stem rust, we can look forward to giving them out to the farmer at a later date, in all confidence that they will not break down in resistance to any new form or combination of forms of stem rust. Nor will their cultivation require any special care or expense on the part of the ordinary farmer.

Rust resistance is a permanently inherited character, which can be only slightly modified by the environment, and any change brought about by growing conditions would exist for that season only. For the comparative immunity of his fields in northern Alberta, Mr. Trelle must thank the source of annual rust infestation, namely the middle western States. Rust does not ordinarily overwinter successfully in the prairie provinces, but blows up in waves of spores from the south-east. By the time the spores reach central Alberta, the crop is usually too far advanced to be susceptible to damage. Late-sown wheat may, however, be heavily attacked, as happened in 1931 on the University plots at Edmonton.

Mr. Trelle is certainly misinformed when he states that the new rust-resistant wheats exist only as a mere handful of numbered kernels. More promising ones have been subjected to annual milling and baking tests for some years. During the coming season about a dozen of them will be grown in comparison with old standard varieties at twelve stations in various parts of the prairie provinces, and next winter will be subjected to rigorous tests for milling



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Concrete paving, West Killam, Alta. St. A. Lane, Chief Engineer. G. E. Collins, Paving Engineer. L. H. Collins, Paving Engineer. L. H. Collins, Paving Engineer.

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Phillips Square Montreal

Sales Offices at: MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG CALGARY

and baking quality in the laboratories of the Dominion Cerealist at Ottawa, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

The real reason there has been so much delay in making these varieties available to the public is the determination of the institutions behind them that they shall be satisfactory not only in rust resistance, but also in regard to the many other desirable characters which are important to the farmer and the miller. A final test of milling and baking quality on at least a semi-commercial scale will likely be insisted upon, so great is the importance of maintaining the quality of our export wheat. Obviously it will take some years yet to carry these varieties to the comparatively large quantities required for such a purpose. But it is scarcely correct to state that the solution still remains problematic; it is in fact quite clear and definitely in sight.

CIVIL SERVANTS OVERWORKED

Of the five hundred more employees on the permanent staff of the Alberta civil service since 1921, the liquor control board and department of lands and mines account for three hundred and thirty, the department of public health, which has greatly extended its services, has which has charge of the institutions at Ponoka, and Deer, Keith and Oliver (institutions were unfortunately there has been a tremendous increase in population), accounts for two hundred and seventy-nine; the provincial police had accounted for twenty-one; the department of telephones shows a decrease of one hundred and eighty-two, and the general service, including such departments as the attorney-general's education, public works, etc., accounts for an increase of seventy-five, a number of whom have been transferred from a daily rate to the permanent staff. The civil service during the past year has been considerably understaffed and in consideration of the present depression, many civil servants have had to work overtime in order to cope with the volume of business to be transacted. During the last session a body of civil servants agreed to give one hour of overtime per day for a period of six weeks or two months during the coming summer in order to carry out work of a special nature.

without added remuneration.—Red Deer Advocate.

One of the biggest mistakes that the business man in the rural town can make is to not keep in constant contact with his market by means of advertising. The easiest and cheapest way of keeping that contact is through a weekly advertisement in his home newspaper. He should not miss an issue but should consider that his patrons are entitled to the best information he can give them every week of what he has to sell and what the prices are. To quit advertising for a while, and to advertise only occasionally is to lose contact with the market where he must sell his goods. And while he is losing this contact some other concern, mail order or otherwise, may be forming a contact that will be hard to break. Publicity is just as important one week as another and its effects are cumulative.—Ex.



JUST RIGHT FOR SPRING WEATHER SHREDDED WHEAT



With hot milk on cold mornings—With milk or cream on mild mornings.

Made in Canada with Canadian Wheat
THE CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT COMPANY, LTD.



Health Service OF THE Canadian Medical Association

Edited by
GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

MILK-BORNE DISEASE

The food value of milk and of milk products is generally recognized. Everyone understands that milk provides most of the food essentials required by the body, and that milk should, therefore, be included in the diet regularly at all ages.

Pure milk is a most valuable food, but impure or contaminated milk is particularly dangerous. Impure milk is just as dangerous in the country as it is in the city. The idea that, in the country, all milk is pure and rich is not correct. Dirty milk is dirty milk no matter where it is. Milk can be, and frequently is, contaminated with the germs of disease in the country. Contaminated milk spreads disease to country users just as readily as it does to the purchasers in the town or city.

It is more than fortunate that milk can be made perfectly safe by pasteurization. The process of pasteurization implies the heating of milk to 145 degrees Fahrenheit, holding it at that temperature for thirty minutes, then cooling it quickly and keeping it cold until used.

The reason why milk should be pasteurized is that no one can tell, simply by looking at milk, whether it is safe or not. The only practical way is to pasteurize all milk so that if there are any disease germs present, they will be destroyed, for that is the effect of pasteurization.

Germs of tuberculosis, diphtheria, scarlet fever, septic sore throat, infantile paralysis, typhoid fever and undulant fever are sometimes carried in milk.

WANTED—Stock to pasture, 240 acres, plenty of feed and running water. Reasonable rates. Apply J. E. McConnell, Box 47, Millet.

MITCHELL THE AUCTIONEER

FARM SALES
A SPECIALTY

Phone 15 MILLET

The
Royal George Hotel
Five Stories of Solid Comfort
RATES \$1.50 UP
Cafe now owned and operated by the Hotel will satisfy your every wish.

LELAND HOTEL
THE HOUSE OF PLENTY
102nd St. opposite C.N.R. Depot
RATES \$1.00 UP
The two places where you will like to stay when in Edmonton. Both Hotels under the Personal Management of R. E. NOBLE



CHILD need REGULATING?

CASTORIA WILL
DO IT!

When your child needs regulating, remember this: the organs of babies and children are delicate. Little bowels must be gently urged—never forced. That's why Castoria is used by so many doctors and mothers. It is specially made for children's ailments; contains no harsh, harmful drugs, no narcotics. You can safely give it to young infants for colic pains. Yet it is an equally effective regulator for older children. The next time your child has a little cold or fever, or a digestive upset, give him the help of Castoria, the children's own remedy. Genuine Castoria always has the name:

Wm. H. Fletcher
CASTORIA
CHILDREN CRY FOR IT

THE MILLET PAGE

THIS PAGE DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF MILLET AND DISTRICT

Telephone 10, or leave all items for this page, as well as advertisements, and all orders for commercial printing. Phone all news to Millet Central. Post news to Mrs. JOHN MAINE, Times Correspondent, Gen. Del. Millet

MILLET LOCAL NEWS

Howard Olson of Red Deer, was a guest at the Brigg's home on Sunday last.

Miss Mildred Smith spent the week end at the home of Miss Mabel Johnson, east of the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Wolfe left on Tuesday for Breton via Sunnybrook, where they will spend a few days.

Mr. W. H. Facey and son of Edmonton, were callers at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Facey on Arbor Day.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Harrison of Edmonton, were visitors at the home of Mrs. Harrison's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Facey, on Monday.

Some farmers of the district are seeding wheat on the high lands this week, although the lower ground about the community is still too wet for cultivation.

WHEAT AT 77 CENTS IS CROP PRICE ASSURED

Regina, April 29.—Seventy-seven cents a bushel for No. 1 Northern wheat, Winnipeg, is the crop price guaranteed by the International Harvester Company of Canada Ltd., to its Canadian customers. The guarantee applies to the 40 per cent payment due this year on future 1932 purchases of any of the company's machines.

TRUCK, BUS BAN PARTIALLY LIFTED; ALLOW HALF-LOADS

Announcement of a partial lifting of the ban on truck and bus traffic, thereby allowing half-loads on the majority of main highways in the province, was made by O. L. McPherson, Minister of public works, Monday morning. The order permitting half-loads takes effect immediately and will apply to all main roads in this part of the province with the exception of the following: From Calgary to St. Mary's, from St. Mary's to Barrhead, from Clyde to Athabasca, from the junction with the Jasper highway to Alberta Beach. No bus or truck traffic will be allowed on these roads for the time being.

Following a report received Monday morning from officials as to the condition of highways in this district, the minister issued the order.

On Monday the suspension on motor truck and bus traffic was lifted on most of the main highways in the southern part of the province. All roads in Calgary and district were opened, the exceptions being the Calgary-Crossfield highway and the route between Calgary and Inverlake. Order was promulgated on April 23, and it was originally intended to stand until Saturday, May 7. Day weather, however, has enabled the department to open the roads to this type of traffic earlier than what was expected.

POLICE GET BUSY TIME

A man by the name of Gorenchuk gave Sergeant MacPherson a busy time during the last week-end. The Sergeant received word from Gadsby by telephone that stores had been burglarized there and he motored out to Botha early Thursday morning and got up on top of a freight car, and soon saw a man approaching on the tracks at four o'clock in the morning. He took him back to Gadsby where some of the stolen goods were found on him, and he was brought up for preliminary trial and sent up for trial at the next district court. The man had a sack filled with goods of all kinds, including cigars, chocolate bars, cigarettes, clothing and other small stuff. He was brought to Steller jail but escaped from the jail at about 10:30 Saturday night by springing the lock. On Monday morning reports came in of robbery at two stores at Red Willow, where someone had broken in to get food. Judging that this was his man the Sergeant took the truck and went to Red Willow, and went on to Donalds and Meeting Creek. On Monday night he stayed out on the tracks all night and just before daylight he picked up his man coming along the tracks at Meeting Creek. The prisoner was brought back to Steller where he is now incarcerated in the jail—Independent.

The greatest trouble with the world is that a great majority of people are trying to make something for themselves instead of making something of themselves.

ST. JOHN'S PARISH NOTES

A reception was held at the home of Mrs. H. Brinker and Miss Jaques on Tuesday, May 3rd, at 4:30 p.m., to give the parishioners of St. John's Church an opportunity of meeting His Lordship Bishop Burgess of Edmonton. The Bishop was accompanied by Rev. Arthur Murphy, late Rector of St. John's. A banquet was held in the Community hall on the evening of May 2nd by the parishioners of St. John's in honor of the cast of the play "Deacon Dubs". After supper the remainder of the evening was spent in dancing.

HILLSIDE

Miss Margaret Young of Leduc, is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Young.

Someone wants to know if the Hillside youth found the stray colts he was seeking in Millet last Saturday night.

The first baseball game of the season took place last week, when the Seniors turned out in force and whipped the Juniors to the tune of—well, Jimmie says it would not look well in print. However, this is not the last game, and when the real Junior pitcher gets on the job it will be a different tune.

The regular meeting of the U.F.A. will be held at the home of J. O. Harvey on the evening of the 13th.

W. Webb spent the week-end in Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Howes were Edmonton visitors last week, and report the highway in fair shape.

Seeding is in full swing this week and the land is in splendid condition. A few of the younger set journeyed to Millet Monday evening to attend the social evening in the Community hall, when the cast of the play "Deacon Dubs" were the guests of the Misses Plant and Hamilton.

DO NOT PUT YOUR WORN TIRES ON THE FRONT OF YOUR CAR

The right rear tire is the first to wear out, the rear left next, and the front right next, and the front left last. It is a dangerous practice to shift the worn rear tires to the front wheels. If a rear tire blows out the driver has sufficient control to guide the car out of dangerous skid. When the front tire goes out and the car is moving fast there is not much the driver can do and there are great possibilities of accident. Worn tires should be used only as spares and then only long enough to get a good replacement.

A \$200,000 SWINDLE IN ONTARIO

A swindle, believed to involve more than \$200,000, in which residents of three western Ontario counties were defrauded, has been unraveled, the police allege, with the arrest of Francis Byles, 52. Byles is in jail in Goderich on a charge of false pretences. The information for his arrest was sworn to by John A. Crear, of Brussels, who claims he was defrauded of \$1,325. Byles was taken to Goderich from Toronto, where he was in custody. According to official fingerprint records, which have reached there, he has served terms for fraud in both Toronto and Montreal since December last. The scheme employed in the alleged swindle was a supposed large-scale dairy merger. Byles is said to have secured options on numerous creameries, and to have made substantial payments on them. Last December he vanished from the district. The police report it was later discovered large blocks of stock had been sold in the supposedly projected dairy merger.

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN

Owing to Sunday, May 8th, being observed by the local L.O.O.F. Lodge there will be no services held in St. John's Church. Sunday school will be held however, at the regular hour.

MILLET UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, May 8th, will be fittingly observed as Mother's Day at the different appointments: Conjoining Ladies 11 a.m.; Millet 7:30 p.m., with special music; Millet Sunday school 11 a.m. The parents are invited to attend Sunday school on Sunday, May 8th. A special service being held for Mother's Day. Sunday school starts at 11 a.m.

Rev. H. G. Smith, Pastor.

ST. NORBERT'S CHURCH

Holy Mass will be celebrated at 9:45 a.m. on May 8th. Rev. Fr. Pat McQuaid, Parish Priest.

MILLET LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Ortleib of Winnipeg, was the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Facey, on Sunday.

Stan Scott is about again after the flu, which kept him at his home, in bed for a few days last week.

May 2nd was observed by the Millet school teachers and children as general clean-up day about the grounds.

Next Sunday, May 8th, will be observed by the Millet L.O.O.F. as their annual Sunday, service being held in Pinyon's hall at 2:30 p.m.

Mrs. E. Kinchella underwent a very serious operation in the Wetaskiwin hospital on Monday last. The latest report from her doctor says she is doing as well as could be expected.

Mrs. Ida Maine, who left her home in Millet a short time ago to visit with her son in Edmonton, has been confined to her bed for the past fortnight with a very bad attack of flu. However, at a time of going to press, she is improving.

SHOULD HE TAKE MILLION DOLLARS

Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the British Exchequer, is faced with a dilemma in which he has been offered one million dollars by a divinely inspired lady, in order to maintain the defensive armies of Britain.

Lady Houston, the inspired one, has offered \$1,000,000 to help keep up the British army, because she sees horrors ahead. She writes in a published letter: "The British lion is now like a toothless old lap dog. I must ask you to save Britain from slavery, famine, pestilence and invasion. In two more years Russia will have a German trained army of 30,000,000. Vast hordes in China are receiving military training by German officers hand in glove with Russia."

Neville Chamberlain is placed in a bad position. Newspapers tell him if he accepts the money, he will also be accepting Lady Houston's nightmares of "30,000,000 teeth gnashing Russians and Cossacks shrieking along to destroy the British Empire." But is always difficult and foolish to turn down a million.

THIS IS 1932

In 1893 (which was but 39 years ago), over 150 railroads were bankrupt.

In 1887, soldiers guarded the National Treasury against raids.

In 1837, most of the factories on the Eastern seaboard were closed, and \$5,000 farms could be purchased for less than \$250.

In 1812, we hardly knew whether we had a home, a country or a life to live.

So why worry this year. The ghosts of our ancestors must smile at our fancied calamities.

Start circulating a few dollars by giving someone a job digging your soil, fixing your barn, or mending your front bedroom. You'll be surprised how much pep these circulating dollars will put into our rundown motor.

IN WELL-REGULATED FAMILIES

(By Barbara B. Brooks)
"The hand that rocks the cradle, rules the world," is an old adage and, of course, literally, is no longer true. Cradles are not rocked in these days—at least in the best regulated families. But the mother of children is still the queen of their world and the dispenser of health, wealth and happiness to her dependent subjects.

One of a mother's greatest obligations to her children is to provide them with nutritious food in sufficient quantity to maintain bodily health. An undernourished child cannot possibly be a healthy child, a happy child or even a wealthy child unless wealth is counted only as the possession of worldly goods. A simple test of whether or not your child is well-fed

for **SPRAINS**
Rob Minard's liniment is a penetrating oil, penetrates sore ligaments, soothes, heals.
Puts you on your feet!

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

RELIEF

from HEADACHES
COLDS AND SORE THROAT
NEURITIS, NEURALGIA

Don't be a chronic sufferer from headaches, or any other pain. There is hardly an ache or pain Aspirin tablets can't relieve; they are a great comfort to women who suffer periodically. They are always to be relied on for breaking up colds.

It may be only a simple head-

ache, or it may be neuralgia or neuritis; rheumatism. Aspirin is still the sensible thing to take. Just be certain it's Aspirin you're taking; it does not hurt the heart. (Made in Canada.)



BEWARE OF
SUBSTITUTES

is to ask the questions, "does he look well—does he feel well and is he really well?"

Meals for children need not be elaborate to be sufficient for their needs. Just be sure to include the much-emphasized quart of milk a day; a cereal, either ready-to-eat or to-be-cooked, as well as some form of bread; a fresh fruit and a canned or stewed one; a fresh, raw and a cooked vegetable in addition to potatoes; an egg in some form each day; a protein food such as meat, cheese or legumes; an easily digested fat such as butter; and a simple sweet like honey, jam or sirup.

There are a few "don'ts" to be considered in planning meals for children. Be very careful not to let them acquire an appetite for sweets as this will make other necessary foods distasteful to them. Do not allow them to have too many fried foods as fat retards the digestive processes to some extent.

During the early spring months when children's as well as adult's appetites are prone to lag, do not insist that the children eat hot, heavy foods at night. Be sure that they eat an adequate, substantial lunch and for supper give them a bowl of crisp, ready-to-eat cereal and fresh, cool milk with a sliced banana. Then the children will go to bed with their little stomachs "just full enough" of light, easily digested food which will not interfere with their sleeping peacefully the whole night through.

A day's plan of food for a child might easily be modeled on the following: Breakfast—Orange juice, soft cooked egg on whole wheat toast, additional toast, cocoa.

Dinner—Potatoes au Gratin, pea timbales, grated carrot and head lettuce salad, bran muffins, butter, stewed raisins, milk, cookies.

Supper—Rice Krispies, sliced bananas, milk, sugar.

A Mother of Five Children Nervous and Tired at Night



Price 50c a box

Mrs. Isaac Shanks, Snow Road, Ont., writes:—"I am the mother of five children and have a lot of work to do. My heart would get very weak, and I was very nervous and tired out at night. I always kept Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills on hand and find by taking them occasionally they make me rest comfortably and sleep well at night, and make me feel like a new person. Really, these Pills have no equal."

Sold by all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

PROPERLY BREWED BEER is a healthful food



Thousands of the working classes, while engaged in hard physical labor, find in beer, a cheap, healthful food, which besides its nourishing effect, possesses invigorating and strength-restoring qualities. A beverage conducive to health, in the direction of moderation and true temperance.

AGENTS FOR THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Distributors Limited
Phone 21376-26448 EDMONTON

This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta

SCHOOL REPORT

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL REPORT

Grade I.

Rosina Schenke	84.5
Ruth Chalmers	82.3
Royden Russell	79
Tillie Hay	78.9
Joyce Hunter	78.3
Ruth Rodell	78.3
Norman Parker	77.3
Fauline Schneck	76.7
Freda Leimvoeber	73.5
Jack Inglis	69.7
Douglas Collett	65.2
Carlton Mellett	63.5
Billy Palmer	63.5
Kenneth MacEachern	63.3
Peggy Wilson	63.3
Ernest Runtz	61.3
Myrtle Woltz	59.7
Jimmy Wood	57.5
Gordon Ragan	56.8
Frank Blackwell	56.2
George Dahl	56.2
Palmer Rice	57.2

Unclassified: Marie Oswald (illness), Joyce Merner, Frank Burns, Leo Collett.

BLANCHE R. ABBOTT, Teacher.

Grade II.

Lacy Palford	95.8
Dorothy Montgomery	92.8
Marjory Anderson	91.8
Jean Anderson	89.2
Shirley Holmes	89.2
Felix Appelt	89.2
Roddy French	89.1
Biddy Palfrey	88.8
Bernard Chandler	88.4
Frances Vassar	88.1
Alban Smith	87.8
Eileen Barnhill	87.3
Oliver Berzen	87.2
Eileen Weir	85.2
Helen Mame	82
Roy Provost	79.5
Cyril Lysing	78.4
Donald Thompson	74.8
Isabel Thorpe	72.7
Freddie Dowie	71.8
Keith Groves	68.8
Edgar de Rosenroll	65.3
Janney Groves	64.8
Raymond Reinhardt	64.4
Barbara Beston	57.6
Coryneth Rice	56.6
Bernice McLeod	53.6
Selma Nevalin	53.4

H. DICKSON, Teacher.

Grade III.

Della Cndle	88.5
Henri Schenke	87.5
Norman Chandler	86.6
Stanley Hendrickson	85.8
Elmer Provost	84.9
Billy Fead	83.4
John Newby	83
Phyllis Stansberry	81.9
Charles Braglin	79.9
Earle Edwards	78.6
Ruth McLeod	78.6
James Lohndorf	78.4
Mona Watson	78.3
Elise Ragan	77.6
Stanley Reynolds	77.4
James Schreffels	77
Ambrose Asper	75.1
Merrill Rice	73.1
Jimmy Templeman	73.1
Pat Blackwell	72.6
Tom Groves	71.8
Alfred Reinhardt	71.8
Phyllis Wunch	71.1
Peter Shantz	69.8
Evelyn Weir	68.8
Glen Smith	68.6
Bernice Hansen	68.4
Fred Runtz	67.3
Monda East	67.3
James Bell	67.3
Dora Murphy	65
Donald Lohndorf	64.4
George Nevalin	64.4
Randolph Mogden	60.5
Stanley Holsen	60
Bonnie Dietz	56.9
Junior Snyder	54.1
Charles Baker	54.1
August Feltberg	40.1
Augustine Janzen	32.8

Unclassified: Gordon Olesen, Irene Oswald, Edith Yates.

L. M. O. FELLAND, Teacher.

Grade IV.

Dorothy Smece	81.25
Bihel Parker	80.25
Eleanor Roraph	79.25
Harry Newby	78.25
Douglas Manley	75.33
Donald MacEachern	75
Lola Burroughs	74.25
Sidney Spencer	74.09
Gourlie Smith	74
Robert Chalmers	73.92
Bobbie Kiratlen	71.17
Bert Provost	70.66
Vera Dehl	70.25
Albert Schneck	70.08
Minnie Littman	69
Vernal Smith	68.45
Elin Ewing	68.5
Alma Fiedler	65.58
Arthur de Rosenroll	65.08
Moore Schran	64.90
Herbert Schreffels	64.08
Elmer Burk	63.75
Gordon Welsford	62.5
Gretta Templeman	61.58
Herman Hay	61
Joris Schreffels	60.66
Marguerite Norman	60.5
Donna Jackson	59.91
Donald Jackson	59.5
Marguerite Dehl	59.45
Frank Greenwood	55.45
Elise Wager	55.41
Dyron Reynolds	54.58
Gerald Spencer	54.33
Bob Blackwell	51.41
Rosanna Schantz	50.33
Norman Schumland	49.16
George Churchill	44.83

MARGARET MCKAY, Teacher.

Grade V.

Beryl Gilchrist	90.9
Sylvia Biding	90.2
Andrew Miller	89
Grace Ewing	87.1
Gertrude Hay	86.5
Shirley Smith	84.5
Marcus Appelt	84.2
Alan Carlson	83.2
Lafuze Russell	82.8
Rosetta Lauchlin	81.4
Roy Erickson	79.7
Jack Shillabeer	79.1
Ruth Radomski	77.9
Buster Stansberry	77.7
Milly McDunro	76.6
Howard Palmer	75.4

Leslie Sharlow	74.9
Jack Vassar	74.3
Milton Coulson	73.4
Billy Barnett	73.3
Jordan Groves	73.3
Billie Heath	73
Lona East	72.9
Bertha Schenke	72.7
Helen Burkholder	72.3
Arnold Lindsay	71.5
Lucille Russell	71.3
Dorothy Snyder	71.3
John Taylor	70.2
Joan Asper	69.4
Arthur Dutton	68.2
Charlie Schneck	66.1
June Merner	65.5
Bonnie Reinhardt	64.9
Tancred Lysing	63.3
Helen Graham	63.1
Florence Schram	61
Robert Leichert	60.9
Elise Leichert	53.8
Violet Dayton	53.5

E. THRASHER, Teacher.

Grade VIII.

Luther Appelt	81.16
Dorothy Dutton	80.20
Dorothy Irving	79.54
Jack French	78.08
Billy Odel	76.00
Carl Bridgman	75.91
Marianne Orr	73.50
Lillie Amstern	72.95
Alice Spencer	71.37
Billy Beavo	71.37
Milton Gilchrist	71.25
Lawrence Pead	71.20
George Taylor	70.87
Herbert Hansen	70.75
Elmer Coulson	70.54
Jean Bridgman	69.82
James Thomson	65.33
Bertha Lee	64.04
Phyllis Hardy	63.60
Fred Hodson	60.87
Victor Scott	60.58
Nathan Ragan	60.25
Freddie Kirsten	59.91
Irene Gibson	59.04
Grace Rice	58.79
Thomas Bates	58.00
Violet Biding	56.66
Bernice Bergen	56.12
Douglas Barry	56.04
Inga Smith	55.70
Verna Johnson	53.75
Raymond Wilber	53.04
Dan Littman	51.00
James Inglis	49.91
Oriel Ivo	49.08
Fannie Miller	48.81
Billy Miller	48.54
Margaret Bell	47.75
Pearl Collett	46.58
Lloyd Collett	44.00
Margaret Bell	42.95
Irene Edwards	42.45

Unclassified (due to illness): Donald Lindsay, Gladys Holby, Robert N. Olesen, Marian Manley, Thomas Palfrey.

J. KULAK, Teacher.

KING EDWARD SCHOOL REPORT

Grade I.

Jean Jackson	91
Harold Boyd	90
Elise Hallgren	89.3
Lila Verstraete	88.6
Bernice MacEachern	88.6
Norma Olsen	87.4
Hugh Stewart	79
Ervin Depner	78.6
Ruth Gibson	77.3
Rose Ambler	72.6
Helen Murphy	72
Walter Yoder	69
Donald Murphy	64.3
Melvin Barr	63
George Printup	57.6
Minnie Hank	49.6
Agnes Vanhuizen	47
Colin Bye	46.3
George Ambler	44.3
Bernice Murphy	39.6

Grade II.

Kenneth Olesen	90.8
Alistair Sorenson	90.4
Marjorie Miller	81
Myra Anderson	80
Iona Smith	79.6
Louise Hank	68.8
Dyron Printup	63.2
Donald Berry	62.8
Bernard Murphy	47.4
Norman Ambler	33

G. E. CHRISTIE, Teacher.

Grade IV.

Myrtle Pelling	84
Sylvia Chapman	83
Adair Suerbeck	79.4
Mary Lasell	78.6
George Smith	76.2
Bernice MacEachern	75.5
Marcel Sherbeck	72.2
Dorothy Callies	72.1
Edvard Vanhuizen	63.8
Robert Ragan	57.8

Grade V.

Robert George	82.2
Thelma Asper	81.9
Russell Oren	78.2
Robert Guerdar	76.4
Robert Sorenson	75.9
Dallas Smith	74.8
Joyce Olson	74.4
Bruce Warren	74.3
Kurt Depner	70.7
Helen Vanhuizen	69.5
Andrey Thompson	66.3
Ransom Wagar	62.9

E. V. CORBETT, Teacher.

Grade VI.

Jimmie French	84.50
Jack Brown	83.68
Ruth Pelling	81.80
Bernice MacEachern	81.5
Bob Watson	81.42
Neil Beaton	78.58
Minnie Reichen	76.92
Betty Palfrey	74.2
Madeleine East	70.10
Evelyn Verstraete	67.87
Raymond Bell	64.42
Mannell Oren	61.17

Dr. Wood's Had a Severe Cold and Hacking Cough



Norway Pine Syrup

Mrs. M. K. MacNeil, Iona, N.S., writes: "I took a severe cold and developed a hacking cough. I kept on neglecting it thinking it would leave me like some previous colds I had, but it got worse. I tried every cough medicine I could think of, but it didn't seem to help me and advised me to take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I purchased a bottle, and before I had finished half of it I was completely relieved. I am now well and strong. Price 35c a bottle; large family size 65c, at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont."

RUST-RESISTANT WHEAT

In the April 26th issue of the Edmonton Journal an article appeared from Herman Treile of Wembley in which he undertook to discuss rust resistance in wheat and the work of the scientists who were working on this project.

In the following article, Dr. Robert Newton, professor of field crops and plant biochemistry, at the University of Alberta, sets forth clearly and accurately the situation as far as the fight against rust is concerned.

Wheat rust is no longer a mysterious menace; it has been quite well understood for a long time. True, one important feature had escaped attention until some fifteen years ago, when it was discovered that there were several forms of black stem rust, which differed only in their capacity to attack different varieties of wheat. A wheat variety resistant to certain forms might be susceptible to others. This led to some disconcerting results in the early attempts to breed resistant wheats; a variety which appeared susceptible at first might later appear susceptible, thus leading to 30c. Treile's suggestion that resistance may break down. In reality no such thing happened; it was merely that the wheat variety came in contact with rust forms which it had previously escaped and to which it had never been resistant. Once a comprehensive survey of all the rust forms occurring in western Canada had been made, plant breeders set to work to build up varieties possessing resistance to all forms. This they did by introducing a series of varieties, which individually were resistant only to some of the rust forms, but in the sum total of their inheritance made it possible to select certain individuals among the offspring which possessed the desired resistance to all rust forms. Let us not be misled by the word "resistance" was produced in this way: the achievement lay in combining in one variety the resistance which had previously been divided between a number of varieties.

Obviously this breeding work was a long and arduous one, and the process, even with the help of greenhouse in which an extra generation could be grown each winter. Nevertheless, a number of fully rust-resistant wheats have been in existence for several years. The only way in which their resistance could later break down would be by the appearance of a new rust differing in infection capabilities from any which have been found in western Canada. The organism which causes rust is a plant, like wheat, though of a much lower order. Like other plants, the rust plant may give rise to new forms by natural crossing. Scientists have been fully alive to this possibility of new rust forms arising and upsetting their previous breeding work. By long-continued, painstaking effort, workers at the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory, Winnipeg, have succeeded in making many artificial crosses between existing rust forms. This work has satisfied them that there is no likelihood of such crosses producing any new kind of infection capability, just as in wheat we saw that crossing produced no new kind of resistance. What resulted in both cases was merely a new combination of characters which already existed in the parents. Since we now have wheat varieties which combine resistance to all existing forms of rust, we can look forward to giving them out to the farmer at a later date, in all confidence that they will not break down in resistance to any new form or combination of forms of stem rust. Nor will their cultivation require any special care or expense on the part of the ordinary farmer.

Rust resistance is a permanently inherited character, which can be only slightly modified by the environment, and any change brought about by growing conditions would exist for that season only. For the comparative immunity of his fields in northern Alberta, Mr. Treile must thank the source of annual rust infestation, namely the middle western States. These do not ordinarily overwinter successfully in the prairie provinces, but blow up in waves of spores from the south-east. By the time the spores reach central Alberta, the crop is usually too far advanced to be susceptible to damage. Late-sown wheat may, however, be heavily attacked, as happened in 1931 on the University plots at Edmonton.

Mr. Treile is certainly misinformed when he states that the new rust-resistant wheats exist only as a mere handful of numbered kernels. The more promising ones have been subjected to annual milling and baking tests for some years. During the coming season about a dozen of them will be grown in comparison with old standard varieties at twelve stations in various parts of the prairie provinces, and next winter will be subjected to rigorous tests for milling

and baking quality in the laboratories of the Dominion Cerealist at Ottawa, Manitoba and Saskatchewan. The real reason there has been so much delay in making these varieties available to the public is the determination of the institutions behind them that they must be satisfactory not only in rust resistance, but also in regard to the many other desirable characters which are important to the farmer and the miller. A final test of milling and baking quality on at least a semi-commercial scale will likely be insisted upon, so great is the importance of maintaining the quality of our export wheat. Obviously it will take some years yet to carry these varieties to the comparative large quantities required for such a purpose. But it is scarcely correct to state that the solution still remains problematic; it is in fact quite clearly and definitely in sight.

CIVIL SERVANTS OVERWORKED

Of the five hundred more employees on the permanent staff of the Dominion Civil Service since 1921, the liquor control board and department of lands and mines account for three hundred and thirty, the department of public health, which has greatly extended its services and which has charge of the institutions at Ponoka, Red Deer, and other places, accounts for two hundred and ninety-nine; the provincial police have accounted for twenty-one; the department of telephones shows a decrease of one hundred and eighty-two, and the general service, including such departments as the attorney-general's education, public works, etc., accounts for an increase of seventy-five, a number of whom have been transferred from a daily rate to the permanent staff. The civil service during the past year has been considerably understaffed and in consideration of the present depression, many civil servants have had to work overtime in order to cope with the volume of business to be transacted. During the last session a body of civil servants agreed to give one hour of overtime per day for a period of six weeks or two months during the coming summer in order to carry out work of a special nature.

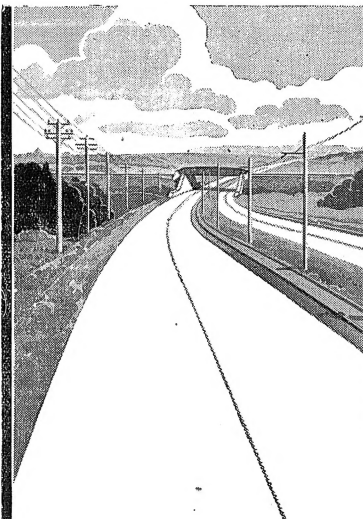
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PERMANENT CONCRETE HIGHWAYS

for Safety, Comfort, Economy

Greater visibility at night: low crown: clearly defined edges: a gritty skid-checking surface: these are concrete's contributions to driving safety. Concrete roads are even and free from glare... giving comfort to the man at the wheel and to his passengers. Concrete is economical to the motorist in fuel consumption and tire wear; economical to the taxpayer because of reasonable first cost and low maintenance. It carries the heaviest traffic without sagging or cracking. Advocate this all-Canadian paving... using local materials and labor.



Concrete paving, West Edmonton, N.W. A. Lyons, Chief Engineer, G. E. Collins, Paving Engineer, G. E. Collins, Paving Engineer, Ltd., Contractors.

Canada Cement Company Limited

Canada Cement Company Building Phillips Square Montreal

Sales Offices at: MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG CALGARY



CITY OF WETASKIWIN

CLEAN-UP WEEK

May 2nd to May 7th

Citizens are requested to observe the first week in May as Clean-up Week

ALL Lanes and BACKYARDS and other places must be cleaned up of ashes, rubbish or other refuse by the 7th day of May.

The co-operation of the Citizens is requested.

By Order of the City Council,

J. E. FRASER, City Clerk and Treasurer.

Attention, Mr. Farmer!

STOP! LOOK!! AND LISTEN!! to the GOOD NEWS

Once again the MASSEY-HARRIS CO. LTD. Leads in the

Big Slash in Prices in FARM IMPLEMENTS

THINK THIS OVER!

10% DISCOUNT OFF PAYMENTS on NEW IMPLEMENT PURCHASES, also 10% on all EXISTING CURRENT and PAST DUE NOTES with accrued interest.

Call in and let us explain what this means in dollars and cents to you.

MASSEY-HARRIS CO. LTD. The service arm of the Canadian farmer

PHONE 39 Agent, FRED WAILING



JUST RIGHT FOR SPRING WEATHER

SHREDDED WHEAT



With hot milk on cold mornings—With milk or cream on mild mornings.

Made in Canada with Canadian Wheat
THE CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT COMPANY, LTD.



Health Service

OF THE
Canadian Medical Association

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

MILK-BORNE DISEASE

The food value of milk and of milk products is generally recognized. Everyone understands that milk provides most of the food essentials required by the body, and that milk should, therefore, be included in the diet regularly at all ages.

Pure milk is a most valuable food, but impure or contaminated milk is particularly dangerous. Impure milk is just as dangerous in the country as it is in the city. The idea that, in the country, all milk is pure and rich is not correct. Dirty milk is dirty milk no matter where it is. Milk can be, and frequently is, contaminated with the germs of disease in the country. Contaminated milk spreads disease to country users just as readily as it does to the purchasers in the town or city.

It is more than fortunate that milk can be made perfectly safe by pasteurization. The process of pasteurization implies the heating of milk to 145 degrees Fahrenheit, holding it at that temperature for thirty minutes, then cooling it quickly and keeping it cool until used.

The reason why milk should be pasteurized is that no one can tell, simply by looking at milk, whether it is safe or not. The only practical way is to pasteurize all milk so that if there are any disease germs present, they will be destroyed, for that is the effect of pasteurization.

Germs of tuberculosis, diphtheria, scarlet fever, septic sore throat, infantile paralysis, typhoid fever and undulant fever are sometimes carried in milk.

ried in milk. In certain instances the disease germ enters the milk direct from the cow. The bovine type of tuberculosis, which affects younger children, causing many of the bone and glandular cases of the disease, results from the use of raw milk from tuberculous cows. Undulant fever results from the use of raw milk from cows infected with contagious abortion.

Milk may be contaminated from the water supply. If the well water is contaminated with the germs of typhoid fever and the milking utensils are washed in that water unboiled, the milk is almost sure to be the carrier of typhoid fever germs.

The most common way in which milk becomes contaminated is through some handler of the milk who is ill or who is not cleanly in his habits. Unwashed hands are, in many cases, responsible for the spread of disease germs to milk. There is no reason why milk should not be pasteurized, and there are many reasons why it should. Milk can be pasteurized in the home. The time required is but more than justified by the amount of sickness which will be prevented. Our main safeguard against milk-borne disease is pasteurization. Why not make use of it?

Directions for home pasteurization will be sent upon request. Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

DON'T BUY FROM PEDDLARS
The peddler does nothing to support the town he enters. He leaves to others the matter of paying for the roads, the sidewalks, the pavements, the lights, the fire protection and various other services that must be maintained in any town. He does not assist in the maintenance of local schools, sports, relief or anything else essentially local. So far as the local community is concerned he is simply a parasite.—Ex.

MITCHELL

THE
AUCTIONEER

FARM SALES
A SPECIALTY

Phone 15 MILLET

The
Royal George Hotel
Five Stories of Solid Comfort
RATES \$1.50 UP

CAPED now owned and operated by the Hotel will satisfy your every wish.

LELAND HOTEL
THE HOUSE OF PLENTY
102nd St. opposite C.N.R. Depot
RATES \$1.00 UP

The two places where you will like to stay when in Edmonton. Both Hotels under the Personal Management of R. B. NOBLE



CHILD need REGULATING?

CASTORIA WILL DO IT!

When your child needs regulating, remember this: the organs of babies and children are delicate. Little bowels must be gently urged—never forced. That's why Castoria is used by so many doctors and mothers. It is specially made for children's ailments; contains no harsh, harmful drugs, no narcotics. You can safely give it to young infants for colic pains. Yet it is an equally effective regulator for older children. The next time your child has a little cold or fever, or a digestive upset, give him the help of Castoria, the children's own remedy. Genuine Castoria always has the name:

Castor-Hitcher
CASTORIA
CHILDREN CRY FOR IT

THE MILLET PAGE

THIS PAGE DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF MILLET AND DISTRICT

Telephone to, or leave all items for this page, as well as advertisements, & all orders for commercial printing. Phone all news to Millet Central. Post news to Mrs. JOHN MAINE, Times Correspondent, Gen. Del. Millet

MILLET LOCAL NEWS

Howard Olson of Red Deer, was a guest at the Briggs' home on Sunday last.

Miss Mildred Smith spent the week end at the home of Miss Mabel Johnston, east of the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Wolfe left on Tuesday for Breton via Sunnysbrook, where they will spend a few days.

Mr. W. H. Facey and son of Edmonton, were callers at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Facey on Arbor Day.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Harrison of Edmonton, were visitors at the home of Mrs. Harrison's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Facey, on Monday.

Some farmers of the district are seeding wheat on the high lands this week, although the lower ground about the community is still too wet for cultivation.

WHEAT AT 77 CENTS IS CROP PRICE ASSURED

Regina, April 29.—Seventy-seven cents a bushel for No. 1 Northern wheat, Winnipeg, is the crop price guaranteed by the International Harvester Company of Canada Ltd. to its Canadian customers. The guaranty applies to the 40 per cent payment due this year on future 1932 purchases of any of the company's machines.

TRUCK, BUS BAN PARTIALLY LIFTED; ALLOW HALF-LOADS

Announcement of a partial lifting of the ban on truck and bus traffic, thereby allowing half-loads on the majority of main highways in this part of the province, was made by O. L. McPherson, minister of public works, Monday morning. The order permitting half-loads takes effect immediately and will apply to all main roads in this part of the province with the exception of the following: From Stony Plain to Stettin; from Rossington to Barhead; from Clyde to Athabasca; from the junction with the Jasper highway to Alberta Beach. No bus or truck traffic will be allowed on these roads for the time being.

Police issued a report received Monday morning from officials as to the condition of highways in this district, the minister issued the order.

On Monday the suspension on motor truck and bus traffic was lifted on the main highways in the southern part of the province. All roads in Calgary and district were opened, the exceptions being the Calgary-Crossfield highway and the route between Calgary and Inverlake.

Order was promulgated on April 23, and it was originally intended to stand until Saturday, May 7. Dry weather, however, has enabled the department to open the roads to this type of traffic earlier than what was expected.

POLICE GET BUSY TIME

A man by the name of Gorenchuk gave Sergeant MacPherson a busy time during the last week-end. The Sergeant received word from Gadsby by telephone that stores had been burglarized there and he motored out to Botha early Thursday morning and got up on top of a freight car, and soon saw a man approaching on the tracks at four o'clock in the morning. He took him back to Gadsby where some of the stolen goods were found on him, and he was brought up for preliminary trial and sent up for trial at the next district court. The man had a sack filled with goods of all kinds, including cigars, chocolate bars, cigarettes, clothing and other small stuff. He was brought to Stettin jail but escaped from the jail at about 10:30 Saturday night by springing the lock. On Monday morning reports came in of robbery at two stores at Red Willow, where someone had broken in to get food. Judging that this was his man the Sergeant then took the speeder to Red Willow, and went on to Donalds and Meeting Creek. On Monday night he stayed out on the tracks all night and just before daylight he picked up his man coming along the tracks at Meeting Creek. The prisoner was brought back to Stettin where he is now incarcerated in the jail—Independent.

The greatest trouble with the world is that a great majority of people are trying to make something for themselves instead of making something of themselves.

ST. JOHN'S PARISH NOTES

A reception was held at the home of Mrs. H. Brinker and Miss Jaques on Tuesday, May 3rd, at 4:30 p.m., to give the parishioners of St. John's Church an opportunity of meeting His Lordship Bishop Burgett of Edmonton. The Bishop was accompanied by Rev. Arthur Murphy, late Rector of St. John's.

A banquet was held in the Community hall on the evening of May 2nd by the parishioners of St. John's in honor of the cast of the play "Deacon Dubbs." After supper the remainder of the evening was spent in dancing.

HILLSIDE

Miss Margaret Young of Ladoc, is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Young.

Someone wants to know if the Hillside youth found the stray colts he was seeking in Millet last Saturday night.

The first baseball game of the season took place last week, when the Seniors turned out in force and whipped the Juniors to the tune of—well, Jimmie says it would not look well in print. However, this is not the last game, and when the real Junior pitch gets on the job it will be a different tune.

The regular meeting of the U.F.A. will be held at the home of J. O. Harvey on the evening of the 13th.

W. Webb spent the week-end in Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Howes were Edmonton visitors last week, and report the highway in fair shape.

Seeding is in full swing this week and the land is in splendid condition. A few of the younger set journeyed to Millet Monday evening to attend the social evening in the Community hall, when the cast of the play "Deacon Dubbs" were the guests of the Misses Plant and Hamilton.

DO NOT PUT YOUR WORN TIRES ON THE FRONT OF YOUR CAR

The right rear tire is the first to wear out, the front left next, and the front right last. It is a dangerous practice to shift the worn rear tires to the front wheels. If a rear tire blows out the driver has sufficient control to guide the car out of danger. When the front tire goes out and the car is moving fast there is not much the driver can do and there are great possibilities of accident. Worn tires should be used only as spares and then only long enough to get a good replacement.

A \$200,000 SWINDLE IN ONTARIO

A swindle, believed to involve more than \$200,000, in which residents of three western Ontario counties were defrauded, has been unearthed by police, along with the arrest of Francis Byles, 52. Byles is in jail in Goderich on a charge of false pretences. The information for his arrest was sworn to by John A. Cramer, of Brussels, who claims he was defrauded of \$15,000. Byles was taken to Goderich from Toronto, where he was in custody. According to official fingerprint records, which have reached there, he has served terms for fraud in both Toronto and Montreal since December last. The scheme employed in the alleged swindle was a supposed large-scale dairy merger. Byles is said to have secured options on numerous creameries, and to have made substantial payments on them. Last December he vanished from the district. The police report it was later discovered large blocks of stock had been sold in the supposedly projected dairy merger.

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN
Owing to Sunday, May 8th, being observed by the local L.O.O.F. Lodge there will be no services held in St. John's church school will be held however, at the regular hour.

MILLET UNITED CHURCH
Sunday, May 8th, will be fittingly observed as Mother's Day at the different appointments: Conjugial Love 11 a.m.; Millet 7:30 p.m., with special music; Millet Sunday school 11 a.m. The parents are invited to attend Sunday school on Sunday, May 8th. A special service being held for Mother's Day. Sunday school starts at 11 a.m.
Rev. H. G. Smith, Pastor.

ST. NORBERT'S CHURCH
Holy Mass will be celebrated at 9:45 a.m. on May 8th.
Rev. Fr. Pat McQuaid, Parish Priest.

MILLET LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Ortilob of Winnipeg, was the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Facey, on Sunday.

Stan Scott is about again after the flu, which kept him at his home, in bed for a few days last week.

May 2nd was observed by the Millet school teachers and children as general clean-up day about the grounds.

Next Sunday, May 8th, will be observed by the Millet L.O.O.F. as their annual Sunday, service being held in Pinyon's hall at 2:30 p.m.

Mrs. E. Kitchell underwent a very serious operation in the Wetaskiwin hospital on Monday last. The latest report from her doctor says she is doing as well as could be expected.

Mrs. Ida Maine, who left her home in Millet a short time ago to visit with her son in Edmonton, has been confined to her bed for the past fortnight with a very bad attack of flu. However, at time of going to press, she is improving.

SHOULD HE TAKE MILLION DOLLARS

Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the British Exchequer, is faced with a dilemma in which he has been offered one million dollars by a divinely inspired last, in order to maintain the defensive armies of Britain.

Lady Houston, the inspired one, has offered \$1,000,000 to help keep up the British army, because she sees horrors ahead. She writes in a published letter: "The British lion is now like a toothless old dog. I must ask you to save Britain from invasion, famine, pestilence and slavery. In two more years Russia will have a German trained army of 30,000,000. Vast hordes in China are receiving military training by German officers and in glove with Russia."

Neville Chamberlain is placed in a bad position. Newspapers tell him if he accepts the money, he will also be accepting Lady Houston's nightmares of "30,000,000 teeth gnashing Russians and Chinamen shrieking along to destroy the British fleet." But it is always difficult and foolish to turn down a million.

THIS IS 1932

In 1893 (which was but 39 years ago), over 150 railroads were bankrupt.

In 1857, soldiers guarded the National Treasury against raids.

In 1837, most of the factories on the Eastern seaboard were closed, and \$5,000 farms could be purchased for less than \$250.

In 1812, we hardly knew whether we had a home, a country or a life to live.

So why worry this year. The ghosts of our ancestors must smile at our fancied calamities.

Start circulating a few dollars by giving someone a job digging your soil, fixing your barn, or papering your front bedroom. You'll be surprised how much pep these circulating dollars will put into our rundown motor.

IN WELL-REGULATED FAMILIES

(By Barbara B. Brooks)
"The hand that rocks the cradle, rules the world," is an old adage and, of course, literally, is no longer true. Cradles are not rocked in these days—at least in the best regulated families. But the mother of children is still the queen of their world and the dispenser of their happiness and unhappiness to her dependent subjects. One of a mother's greatest obligations to her children is to provide them with nutritious food in sufficient quantity to maintain bodily health. An undernourished child cannot possibly be a healthy child, a happy child or even a wealthy child unless wealth is counted only as the possession of worldly goods. A simple test of whether or not your child is well-fed

for SPRAINS
Rub Minard's in gently. It penetrates sore ligaments, heals inflammation, soothes, heals.
Puts you on your feet!

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

RELIEF

from HEADACHES
COLDS AND SORE THROAT
NEURITIS, NEURALGIA

Don't be a chronic sufferer from headaches, or any other pain. There is hardly an ache or pain Aspirin tablets can't relieve; they are a great comfort to women who suffer periodically. They are always to be relied on for breaking up colds.

It may be only a simple head-

BEWARE OF
SUBSTITUTES



Is to ask the questions, "does he look well—does he feel well and is he really well?"

Meals for children need not be elaborate to be sufficient for their needs. Just be sure to include the much-emphasized quart of milk a day; a cereal, either ready-to-eat or to-be-cooked, as well as some form of bread; a fresh fruit and a canned or stewed one; a fresh, raw and a cooked vegetable in addition to potatoes; an egg in some form each day; a protein food such as meat, cheese or legumes; an easily digested fat such as butter; and a simple sweet like honey, jelly or syrup.

There are a few "don'ts" to be considered in planning meals for children. Be very careful not to let them acquire an appetite for sweets as this will make other necessary foods distasteful to them. Do not allow them to have too many fried foods as fat retards the digestive processes to some extent.

During the early spring months when children's as well as adult's appetites are prone to lag, do not insist that the children eat hot, heavy foods at night. Be sure that they eat an adequate, substantial lunch and for supper give them a bowl of crisp, ready-to-eat cereal, and fresh, cool milk with a sliced banana. Then the children will go to bed with their little stomachs "just full enough" of light, easily digested food which will not interfere with their sleeping peacefully the whole night through.

A day's plan of food for a child might easily be modeled on the following: Breakfast—Grange juice, soft cooked egg on whole wheat toast, additional toast, cocoa.

Dinner—Potatoes au Gratin, pea timbales, grated carrot and head lettuce salad, bran muffins, butter, stewed raisins, milk, cookies.

Supper—Rice Krispies, sliced bananas, milk, sugar.

A Mother of Five Children Nervous and Tired at Night



Mrs. Isaac Shank, Snow Road, Ont., writes—"I am the mother of five children and have a lot of work to do. My heart would get very weak, and I was very nervous and tired at night. I always kept Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills on hand and find by taking them occasionally they make me rest comfortably and sleep well at night, and make me feel like a new person. Really, these Pills have to equal."

Sold by all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

PROPERLY BREWED BEER is a healthful food



Thousands of the working classes, while engaged in hard physical labor, find in beer, a cheap, healthful food, which besides its nourishing effect, possesses invigorating and strength-restoring qualities. A beverage conducive to health, in the direction of moderation and true temperance.

AGENTS FOR THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Distributors Limited
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This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta

AUDIEN THEATRE

Thur., Fri., 8 p.m. Sat. 2:30, 7:30, 9:30 p.m. May 5-6-7

MAURICE CHEVALIER in
"ONE HOUR WITH YOU"

Jeanette McDonald, Charlie Ruggles and Genevieve Tobin assist Maurice to make this the liveliest and peppiest show of the season. Snappy music, catchy songs and lots of humor, and a greater hit than "The Smiling Lieutenant." Maurice as Dr. Andre Berlier promises you the happiest week-end you've had for a long time.

Also a Special Comedy:
ANDY GLYDE in "THE GAY NINETIES"

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, 8 p.m. May 9-10-11

JEAN HARLOW in
"THE PLATINUM BLONDE"

Men and the eternal feminine in a modern conflict! An up-to-the-minute story lavishly presented. Are men fickle or do women make them that way? A man's woman—there are two of them? The one she loves and the one who loves him. You'll laugh—you'll thrill to the acting of Loretta Young and Jean Harlow.

Also:
"THE FLIRTY SLEEPWALKER" and "DOWN TO DAMASCUS"

Thursday, Friday, Saturday May 12-13-14

"THE MIRACLE MAN" a Paramount Special

SAFEWAY STORES

THIS IS THE TIME TO BE SHELF CONSCIOUS
Prices Effective Friday, Saturday and Monday, May 6, 7 and 9

PINEAPPLE	Fresh	Each	25c
RHUBARB	B.C. Field	5 Pounds	19c
LETTUCE	Solid Heads	Each	10c
CELERY	Crisp and sweet	Pound	10c
BANANAS	Golden ripe	Pound	10c
COFFEE	Nabob	Pound	43c
TEA	Nabob	Pound	39c
LARD	Swift's or Gainer's	3 Pound Pall	30c
BEANS	Ontario White	12 Pounds	45c
WALNUTS	Halves, new crop	Pound	39c
SALT	Coarse	50 Pounds	69c
SODAS	\$ Box	Each	39c
CEREAL	Boston Cream	6 Pound Bag	17c
FRUITS	8 oz. tins, 6 kinds	3 for	25c
CORNED BEEF	12 oz. Tin	Each	15c
ONION SETS	While they last	3 Pounds	25c
BEEF BRAW		Pound	8c
BEEF STEW	Boneless	3 Pounds	25c
SPARE RIBS		4 Pounds	25c
VEAL LOAF		2 Pounds	35c
BACON	Sliced	Pound	15c

Safeway Stores Limited

WORTH SUPPORT

Not long ago an incident occurred in an Alberta town which should bring a warm thrill of appreciation to the heart of every struggling editor. The occasion was a board meeting of a co-operative organization. The year's business had presented difficulties, and economy was indicated. The suggestion was made to cut out advertising in the local weekly. Whereupon one member rose and moved emphatically against this. It was his contention that the news paper furnished a service to the community vitally necessary to the community well-being. It was actually a utility deserving support as a vehicle for publicity for the district. This he presented as an argument, quite outside the normal value of advertising. His conviction impressed itself on other board members, with the result that usual advertising space will be maintained throughout the year.

This is a refreshing viewpoint from the standpoint of the editor. After all, the district newspaper does fulfil a function quite outside ordinary private business. It is an institution of any district, a service for

the people, and not for any one individual. It can bind a community together into a powerful unit, as no one agency can do. It gathers the activities, great and small, of the neighborhood and presents a picture not only for the benefit of the neighborhood itself, but for the outside world. It lies with the editor to make this an attractive picture or to make it a dull, uninspiring amudge. And his inspiration comes from the people themselves. A community is judged largely by its local newspaper and what it must receive encouragement from amongst its own people. It takes people to make a good newspaper.

No one can run a successful newspaper or present the picture of a happy, successful community without out help. It requires money to operate any kind of business—even churches—and newspapers are no exception. Good will is not sufficient. There must be the patronage of business interests, as well as goodwill. And the greater and more wholehearted the support, the better the service it can render.

Your local newspaper is a social and economic factor of the district advancing the interests of every substantial worth-while feature of community life, minimizing the evil and emphasizing the good. Its purpose is to do what good it can in every way that it can and to further the well-being of the area that it serves. High River Times.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Belshelm and family, and Mrs. Thomas M. Belshelm wish, through the columns of "The Times," to express their heartfelt thanks to their many friends for the sympathy and assistance extended to them during their sad bereavement, and for the beautiful floral tributes.

Get your commercial printing done at The Times Office.

PARKER'S
Week-End Specials!

PRIME ROLLED RIBS OF BEEF	Lb.	17c
CHIPSO SOAP FLAKES Large Package	Per. Packet	19c
AYLMER TOMATO SOUP	3 Tins for	23c
ARABRAND DATES Beautiful quality	2 lb. Package	22c
FRESH PORK SPARE RIBS	4 lbs.	25c
McLAREN'S OLIVES Large 15 oz. bottles	Each	38c
TABLE SALT Finest grade, 3 1/2 lb. sacks	3 Sacks for	25c
JAPAN RICE Good quality	3 lbs. for	16c
AUSTRALIAN PINEAPPLE Sliced in heavy syrup	No. 2 Tin	23c
PEAMEALED COTTAGE ROLLS	Lb.	12 1/2c

FRESH FISH
Now arriving in prime condition

ROYAL MARKET
TELEPHONE 62

NOTICE

***Try our Special Meals at 25c every Monday. Soup, choice of meat, potatoes, dessert, tea, coffee or milk. Stanley Cafe, next Cooke Drug, 6-2tn

***The Imperial Lumber Co. Ltd. are putting on their annual sale of Monarch Pure Paint, May 6th and 7th only. This will be your chance to secure your requirements in paint at a greatly reduced price.

***Write and get prices from A. Holby for any job of painting, paperhanging, or any other work in his line. His motto is "Best quality work at the most reasonable price." 7-4tn

***Dance in Crooked Lake hall on Friday evening, May 13th. Floor, ladies free. Supper included. Unusual suspects baseball club. 7-2tn

***The Women's Association of First United Church will hold their annual Carnation Tea in the church on Saturday, May 7th. Hothouse and paper carnations, and home cooking will be offered for sale.

WETASKIWIN MARKETS

Wetaskiwin, May 4th, 1932	
No. 1 Northern	44 1/2c
No. 2 Northern	40 1/2c
No. 3 Northern	38 1/2c
No. 4 Wheat	34 1/2c
No. 5 Wheat	31 1/2c
Feed Wheat	28 1/2c
Oats	21 1/2c
Barley	23 1/2c
Rye	21 1/2c
Hogs	3.00
Lambs	4.00
Steers	3c to 4c
Eggs	7-6-3

BORN
ENGSTROM—On the 3rd inst., to Mr. and Mrs. M. Engstrom of Gwynne a daughter.
SHORT—In the Wetaskiwin hospital on the 2nd inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Short of Ponoka, a son.
REED—On the 1st inst., to Mr. and Mrs. D. Reed of Duhamel, a daughter.

The Times does commercial printing at right prices.

Church and Sunday School

FIRST UNITED CHURCH
Minister, Rev. A. R. Schrag, B.A. B.D.
Choirmaster, Mr. Touche

Sunday, May 8—
Mother's Day service will be held in the morning with a special program. Sermon: "The Hand that Rocks the Cradle."

At the evening service, Rev. Edmund Thompson of Leduc will preach, and will be accompanied by the choir of the First United Church which has won the prize several times at the festival. This is an exchange of choirs.

Come to church Mother's Day. Bible classes for old and young at the two Sunday schools. Senior at 12:15 and junior at 2:30 p.m.

ZION LUTHERAN
Dickson Ave.
Rev. A. Appelt, Pastor

Thursday, May 5th, 7:45 p.m., German service "The Ascension of our Lord."

Sunday, May 8th—
9:15 a.m.—English Sunday school and Bible class.
10:30 a.m.—German.
7:30 p.m.—English: "The Prophet Jonah repeated."

Friday, 7:30 p.m.—Young people meet at the parsonage. Bible study 8:30 p.m.
Saturday school, 9:30 a.m.

IMMANUEL CHURCH
Rev. G. W. Peake
H. Marjorie Robinson, A.T.C.M., Organist

Sunday, May 8—
10 a.m.—Sunday school.
Sunday, May 8—
11 a.m.—Matins and sermon.
Vicarage: Adjacent to church. Phone 298.

SWEDISH BAPTIST
East side Baptist Church
P. M. Meyer, Pastor

Sunday, May 8 (Mother's Day)—
11 a.m.—Sunday school rally in Wetaskiwin. Free lunch served.
2 p.m.—Mother's Day program rendered.

There will be no evening service. Wednesday, 8 p.m., prayer meeting. Thursday afternoon, May 12th, the Crooked Lake Ladies' Aid will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hagstrom, 6 miles east of Wetaskiwin.

Thursday, 8 p.m., cottage prayer meeting

PENTECOSTAL ASSEMBLY
John L. Wood, Pastor

Sunday, May 8th—
10:30 a.m. Sunday school at Wetaskiwin Assembly.
11:30 a.m.—Devotional service at Wetaskiwin Assembly.

2 p.m.—Sunday school at Crooked Lake Pentecostal hall.
3 p.m.—Gospel service at Crooked Lake Gospel hall.

7:30 p.m.—Evangelistic service at Wetaskiwin Assembly.
Weekly—
Cottage prayer meeting at Crooked Lake.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Church prayer meeting at Wetaskiwin Assembly.

1st, 3rd and 5th Fridays of the month—Young People's meeting at the Crooked Lake Pentecostal hall.
2nd and 4th Fridays—Young People's meeting at Wetaskiwin Assembly.

THE SALVATION ARMY
Capt. Campbell Lieut. Wilson
Holiness meeting, 11 a.m.
Company meeting, 3 p.m.
Salvation meeting, 7:30 p.m.
Tuesday—Prayer meeting, 8 p.m.
Thursday, Public meeting, 8 p.m.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. C. J. Mackay, Minister
Sabbath services—
Morning—11.
Evening—7:30.
Sabbath School—12:15 p.m.

WETASKIWIN BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. F. W. Benke, pastor
11 a.m.—Sunday school.
7:30 p.m.—Gospel service.

SWEDISH MISSION
Sunday, May 8—
11 a.m.—Sunday school.
8 p.m.—Gospel service. Mr. John Enarson will speak and there will be special music and singing.
New Sweden: Sunday, 10:30 a.m., Mother's Day service.

BRIGHTVIEW BAPTIST
Rev. J. M. Baxter, Pastor
Sunday, May 8—
Brightview—2 p.m., Sunday school, 3 p.m., Preaching service.
Pigeon Lake—3 p.m., Gospel service at Mr. Ward Snell's home. Rev. O. Larsen of Camrose, will speak.

NORWEGIAN LUTHERAN
Rev. Olaf Asper, Pastor
Sunday, May 8 (Mother's Day)—
Instead of the regular services, a special program in keeping with the significance of the day has been arranged by the Ladies' Aid and the

LOOK!

EXTRA SPECIAL
For Week-end

BACON, by the piece	10c
RING BOLOGNA	10c
Per lb.	
WEINERWURST	15c
Per lb.	
HAMBURGER STEAK	25c
3 lbs. for	
SAUSAGE MEAT	25c
3 lb. for	
PORK SAUSAGE	10c
Per lb.	
PORK ROASTS	6c, 8c, 10c
Per lb.	
SPARE RIBS	25c
5 lb. for	
Marrow Bone ROAST BEEF	8c
Per lb.	
BLADE ROAST BEEF	10c
Per lb.	
BOILING BEEF	6c, 8c
Per lb.	

WE NEED YOUR BUSINESS

Come in and see

CITY MEAT MARKET

Phone 3 F. T. KIRSTEIN

Young People's League. After the program lunch will be served in the church basement, for which a free will contribution will be received. The program will begin at 2 p.m. The services at Wetaskiwin have been postponed until the following Sunday.

\$3000 PRIZE CONTEST

In this week's issue is an announcement of the Goodyear contest of \$3,000 in cash prizes for estimating the number of cords in the average Goodyear tire. The first prize is \$1,000 in cash. The conditions of the contest are simple. Anyone from a household in Canada, where a car is owned, may enter. There is no entry fee, nothing to buy, no special arrangement. A section of the fabric showing the cords is on display at Sims-Brown Garage, Goodyear tire dealers. This will help you make your estimate. Entry blanks may be obtained free from the dealers.

LIBRARY NOTES

A number of new books arrived at the public library last week, amongst them are the following:
"Abraham Lincoln," by Lord Charnwood. Charnwood's biography is one of the greatest of our time.
"The Dark Forest" by Hugh Walpole. This book must be read to be appreciated, for neither quotation nor description is capable of giving more than a bare hint of the nobleness, the intensity of this work of art so deeply rooted in reality.
"All the Kings Horses" by Margaret Wilder. Can love without faith bring happiness? Read in this story how an ultra-modern girl employs old fashioned methods to solve her own love problems, and proves that often youth is wiser than middle-age when dealing with such a vital thing as happiness.
"Black Roses" by Frances Brett Young. The story of the slowly awakened first love of a boy whose father was English and his mother Italian. Filled with vivid details of Italian life and a most vivid account of a cholera scare in Naples.
The Library Board wishes to thank the following for timely donations of books to the library: Mrs. V. C. French, Mrs. A. B. Peterson, and Mrs. Dayton.

NORGE ROLLATOR has just 3 slowly moving parts

GRAND
CONCERT
The Winning Contestants in
The Wetaskiwin
School Festival
Telford Hall
LEDUC
Friday Evg., May 6

Admission: Adults 50c; Children 25c (admitted only when with parents).
The awards will be presented at the Concert by the Hon. Perren Baker, Minister of Education

The Festival Executive wishes to express its appreciation for the financial support of those advertising in the program and also of those who have generously donated trophies.
Patronize the Advertisers

Phone 58 **BRODY'S** We DeliverA 6x9 Congoleum Rug
FREE!

ON FRIDAY, MAY 6TH, we will put a sealed number on a 6x9 Congoleum Rug. The number in the envelope is somewhere between 1 and 5000.

The person guessing the number nearest to the number in the sealed envelope, gets a 6x9 Congoleum RUG FREE. Come in and make a guess—Contest closes on Saturday, May 14th, at 1 p.m.

At 4 p.m., Mr. V. C. French, of The Wetaskiwin Times, and Mr. J. C. Moss of the Imperial Bank, will open the envelope and announce the winning number. Be here and have some fun.

ONLY ONE GUESS TO A PERSON
NO STRINGS
In connection with this contest we are putting on a sale of Congoleum Rugs. Should you buy a larger size rug, and should you be the lucky winner, the full price of the larger rug will be refunded.

CONGOLEUM GOLD SEAL RUGS

9 x 6	\$6.45	9 x 10 1/2	\$10.95
7 1/2 x 9	\$7.95	9 x 12	\$11.95
9 x 9	\$9.45	9 x 15	\$15.45

SEE OUR WINDOWS for SPECIALS

GROCERIES

WATER GLASS Royal Crown Large cans	18c	SINGAPORE PINEAPPLE Size 2 2 for	23c
KIRK'S CASTLE SOAP 4 Bars	25c	TOILET TISSUE 6 Rolls	19c
BROWN SUGAR 4 lbs.	25c	EVAPORATED APPLES 2 3/4 pkgs.	38c
ICING SUGAR 3 lbs.	23c	PURE STRAWBERRY JAM Gold Medal brand 4's	45c

The bride and groom were visiting in Calgary. They stopped at a restaurant to eat. A flip young waitress asked them, "What is it?" asked the confused waitress. "Just lettuce alone," replied the bride. "Would you care for the waitress."

SNYDER'S HARDWARE

Canada's Greatest Refrigerator Value

\$198.00

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for Mother's
Day

Remember your Mother by wearing a CARNATION ON SUNDAY NEXT.

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Miss Hoare's
NEXT POST OFFICE